LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1863.

Daily Democrat

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

We desi e to procure the services of a local agent every Postoffice District in the State. Will our friend act, or procure the arvices of some efficient person i Democrat may be materially extended, we make this furthermore, would be acceptable to the peo-Mr. Wolfe's Speech.

ture. We hope it will be read with the attention the subject it discuses deserves. We are glad to see a bold and manly censure of the acts of the present Congress and Administration. We wish to see it accompanied with acts equally bold and decisive. There is a feelingperhaps a mistaken one-that the Legislature is not fully up with the sentiments of the people in the present crisis; that they are ready to betray the State into the hands of a party and to a policy that is a disgrace to the national character. It is time to speak out. If there is any hint at yielding to the black and damning pressure of Abolitionism, under any pretense whatever, we can tell the uthors of it they will be buried so deep couldn't make them pure. We want no We want no imbecile, unnecessary declarationto weaken the expression of the sentiments of this State. The honor, the character, the dignity of the State are at stake. She has been reviled and insulted; her counsels mocked at and neglected; her laws broken and derided; the property of her citizens stolen and the thieves protected; her very lovalty made the excuse for heaping new indignities upon her. A State that will tamely submit to such infamy, without resentment and resistance, is unworthy of a place in any government. Her people are degraded to serfs, that only want a master to rule and to lash them. If the Legis lature is prepared to submit to this the people are not. We believe we know the sentimer of this city and Commonwealth as well as an one, and we can tell the Legislature no equive cal resolutions will satisfy them.

Any one who reads the resolutions re ported by the majority, the minority, and b Mr. Anderson, in the Legislature, can bu be struck by the very slight difference there is between them, and regret that any one ha deemed it proper to disagree with the resolutions reported by the majority.

We hoped that the Legislature, in the pres ent crisis, in consideration of the great stake at issue and the undoubted advantage to be obtained by presenting a united front, would be induced to coincide in one declaration of principles. To divide is to weaken to that his paragraph was intended to injure the Demextent the influence of the people, and as much as we regret it, we are compelled to be- ple lieve that the object of some has been rather to seek their own aggraudizement than to be of any benefit to the country at large.

Mr. Chambers, from the minority, has made quite a lengthy report, in which there are We doubt, however, whether any jury would many unquestioned facts, upon the plea that give Mr. Cook or any body else a very large the majority report lays the fault of the blood-

is immediately responsible for the war? Mr. Chambers himself admits that the rebels were in arms against the Government first, and la the blame upon the latter because it would not compromise with rabels with arms in their hands. The first aggression was unquestion ably by those who took up arms, seized forts mints, and arsenals. We ourselves hold that it would have been better even then, if possible, to compromise. But it is a question whether the Southern leaders would have ac-

ers from the South refused to vote for the Crittenden compromise, when their votes would have carried it. Certainly this shows that some of those who ha taken up arms had allies in the Senate who would not consent to compromise, and the Government cannot rightfully be charged with the blame of what occurred. It was as much their duty to remain, as for those who did remain to vote for a compromise. Mr. Chambers should also bear in mind that whatever mere party declarations had been made, that, up to that time, nothing had been done by Congress in the way of unfriendly legislation. The fugitive slave law, drawn by a Southerner, was rigidly entorced. The Territories had been divided on a line of thirty-seven degrees, and the territory of New Mexico, under that acknowledgment,

ing upon the Government acts which, in fact, were only the party declarations of the North. If he will word his resolution so as to condemn the Northern radical party, we will most cordially go with him in the bitterest to ear. He died a short time thereafter. A

Reference is also made to the peace conference, and Congress is censured for not having ence, and Congress is censured for not having adopted them. Mr. Chambers should bear in mind that the Southern States, as a body, did not take part in that conference. On the contrary, they scorned it. True, it would have been better to offer this compromise, at all events; but we have no right to charge the Government with the war for not adopting resolutions which they had no reason to believe acceptable. The true blame rests upon the Southern States, for not having, as a body, sent delegates to the peace convention.

ody, sent delegates to the peace convention. censure of the Southern States for these or any other acts the rebels have been guilty of. We Rights man does not find something to censure States. A set of resolutions which ignores these cannot be worthy of support. They do not deserve the respect of any one, and ought

little to say. They seem to represent a party feeling, the antithesis of Mr. Chambers, and more anxiously declare the undisputed fact of the loyalty of this State, than set forth explicitly the violations of the Constitution, of which we have a right to complain. We think they are too mildly drawn for the emergency. They would, perhaps, rather encourage further aggression than put a stop to what is already

and as expressive of the general feeling of the people, that the majority address will be more acceptable. It embraces, in sufficiently s rong

course of the Southern leaders, and thus n ither party which has produced this war (8apes condemnation.
This, we think, is the true position of the people of this State, and the few who disagree with it ought, for the sake of unity, to com

If anything is wanting it is resolutions declaring null and void all acts and parts of acts of Congress or proclamations which conflict with laws of this State of acknowledged constitutionality, and also a second resolution recommending a National Convention. These, which are the natural deductions from the address, we believe, would unite all parties, and, ple of this city and country. We have reason to believe they are also the opinions of our representatives in the Legislature. We still We give to day the speech of Hon. Nathaniel hope all the members will, for once, drop Wolfe, upon federal relations, in the Legisla- party and unite upon the address and resolu-

After a great struggle many years ago the Democratic party carried the sub-treasury measure, by which the Government was divorced from the banks. This was done against the combined power of the old Whig party and the great moneyed influence of the ountry. The wisdom of this measure has long been acquiesced in by the people, and no party has dared to take issues with this welltablished principle for many years. Now, as will be seen by reference to the Congresional proceedings, as reported under the telegraphic head on Friday, some Senators, who were elected as Democrats, desire that the Government should use the local banks, and in infamy, the cleansing waters of Jordan that their notes should be taken "in payment for the public dues and for taxes."

If this measure is to be sanctioned by the Democratic par.y now, it is a very different party from what it was in the days of Jackson Van Buren, Polk, and Pearce. The great disasters of 1837 grew out of the unfortunate connection of the Government and the banks. and we can expect nothing but a repetition of the same evil's should the connection with the banks be renewed. It will be remembered that at the time the Independent Treasury Bill was passed no party was in favor of continuing the connection of the Government with the banks. One party sought a remedy in a United States Bank, and the other in an ndependent treasury system, which was finally adopted. It will be remembered, also, that ne great objection made by Democrats to the United States Bank scheme was that it was a company independent of the Government, and not an institution owned exclusively by the

The Cincinnati Enquirer makes a lame apology for using the name of the senior editor of the Democrat with the office of Governor, in connection with the emancipation move ment in Kentucky. If he is really as ignorant of Kentucky politics as he states he is in his paper of Monday, he had better get posted before he undertakes to inform the public on political matters pertaining to our State. We standing his statement to the contrary, that erat and exalt the Ecquirer among our per

The ex-postmaster of Chicago lays his lamages against Horace Greeley for libel at \$50,000. The New York World thinks Horace may have to scare up another gun contract. amount of damages for any thing Horace shed upon the Southern leaders, and does not could say about him. It is indeed a question consider the Northern fanatics responsible. whether an intelligent jury would not conder a man who had been attacked by the New York Tribune as rather benefitted than

> ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF AN ACTRESS. Theatrical circles in New York are in a flutter of gossip about the recent perilous adventure of a popular actress connected with one of the Broadway theaters. Whilst returning home at a late hour from the theater the other eve ning, she noticed that a man was dogging her steps, with an evident intent of over aking her, and quickened her pace into a run. Her purner also struck into a run, and as the woman was hastily entering the door of her residence, fired a pistol at her. Luckily the bullet missed its mark, and the terrified actress escaped into the house. She is said to have recognized her would-be murderer, who is supposed to have been actuated either by disappointed love or

been actuated either by disappointed love or jealousy.

The alleged poisoning by rye coffee is making some noise in Brooklyn. Whatever this case may amount to, it is certain that rye often contains errot, or spurred rye, in day of the contains errot, or spurred rye, in day of the contains errot, or spurred rye, in day of the contains errot, or spurred rye, in day of the contains errot, or spurred rye, in day of the contains errot, or spurred rye, in day of the contains and the supremacy of the Constitution, with the equality and rights of the States unimpaired, that the war was to be waged. It was for that purpose, and that alone, the citizen soldiery flocked to the battle-field and made it red with their precious of the constitution, with the equality and rights of the States unimpaired, that the war was to be waged. It was for that purpose, and that alone, the citizen soldiery flocked to the battle-field and made it red with their precious of the constitution. We hold that the radicals of the North were this case may amount to, it is certain that rye often contains ergot, or spurred rye, in danbers should make a distinction between the
wishes of a party not in power and the Government itself. At the time the Crittenden-compromise was offered, if the Southern memb rs
had remained in their seats, it could have
passed. It is hardly fair for these men to
secede from their sworn duties and lay
the blame of uncompromising legislation
upon those who remained in their places.
It was as much their duty to remain, as for equally guilty with the South; but Mr. Cham often contains ergot, or spurred rye, in dan-

law in Maury county, Tenn. The Nashville Union says that a Mr. Dillaha, of that county, remaining advised by some of his friends to upon being advised by some of his friends to quietly submit to impressment, vowed he would take his own life before he would shoulder a rebel musket. A few days afterwards, a party of horsemen were scouring his section, taking conscripts into the Confederate army, They came up with Mr. Dillaha, when being unable to make good his escape, he drew a knife and cut his own throat from ear fearful threat, and right fearfully was it executed.

PROSPECT OF INDIAN TROUBLES,-The opin-

was to join him.

The Chippewas, too, are in many places behaving badly. In Chisago county, according to the latest advices, they have fired two or three residences and wounded one man. The ludians were said to be drunk.—[Chicago Post.

A copy of the Mobile Advertiser, dated

acts of the President; it recalls the criminal water on the shoals, and rising still.

SPEECH

-OF THE-HON. NAT. WOLFE. Delivered in the House of Representa-

tives, on the 11th of February, 1863, on the Report of the Committee on Federal Relations.

Mr. CHAIRMAN: We are taught it our politiall philosophy that "eternal vigisnce is the price of liberty." This maxim has been trea-ured by our people as the surest sifeguard of

I stand here to day not only to uter an approving voice of the wisdom of the sentiment, but to carry it into practical execution, by a candid and fearless exposition of the madness and folly of those who have been entrusted with the management of our national affairs I might justly employ stronger laguage, in expressing my feelings in reference to the unconstitutional acts of the Administration; but I forbear. My purpose is to express what I believe to be the views of my constituents, and, indeed, a majority of the Union men of Kentucky, in reference to those measures of our public servants, which have emplicated our public servants, which have complicate our difficulties, by overriding and everyling the Constitution, and thereby postplaing the termination of the civil strife which distracts our country, to a period which, I fear, defies the calculation of the most sagacious of our

statesmen.

But whilst I employ myself in this task, shall not withhold from those who are clothed with the power, and whose duty it is, if possi-ble, to suppress the rebellion, my gratitude and admiration for the exertions which they have constitutionally made to secomplish the great work of restoring the Union.

A restoration of the Union as it was, and the Constitution as it is, is the battle cry of the Union men of Kentucky. We want no Union which is to stand upon broken fragments of the Constitution. We want a Union which is

based upon that glorious Constitution which our fathers framed, and without which, in all its grand proportions, we can never expect to erjoy rational liberty.

It has been truly said, that the present was has been forced upon the country by the dis-unionists of the Southern States. Guilty am-bition prompted the direful deed; but the rebition prompted the direful deed; but the remote causes are to be traced to sectional hatred, which had been long created and fostered in both extremes. North and South, of our country. Degenerate public men, in the language of a distinguished statesman, forgetful of the waraings of the sages of the republic, prochimed the impossibility of living together in harmony, from causes which existed at the trace of the forwarding of the Government, but

which the great men of that day had the mag-nanimity to compromise and adjust.

Kentucky never participated in their ushal-lowed feelings. Her great heart has been always filled with affection for the whole sisterod of States. She has contemplated, with escribable emotion, the grandeur of the itical fabric which our fathers erected, and er earnest prayer has been, and is now, that

t may be perpetual.
On the fourth of March, 1861, the present resident of the United States was installed in fflice. Secession had then begun its work. That glorious unity which made as alike the admiration and the easy of the world, was sought to be destroyed. The President, mind-ful of his duty to protect and defend the Con-stitution of the United States, exerted the stitution of the United States, exerted the military force, hoping to suppress the rebellion, and if, in the discharge of that inexpressibly responsible duty, he transcended the strict letter of the law, patriotic liberality approved and sustained him. A confiding country felt and appreciated the difficulties by which he was surrounded. Without an army, without a navy, deprived of all means of delense, by the traitorous acts of his predecessor, who had just left his high office accompanied by the execution of every lover of his country, the new President convened the Congress that they might co-operate with him in the holy work of restoring the Union. That he declared to be his purpose, and his only purpose. Congress responded to his call. Men and money were granted. The heart of the nation swelled with determination to uphold him, and he was sustained by an army whose valor and constancy have scarcely a parallel in the annals of mankind. Such was the support the President obtained. But for what purpose was the war to be carried on? Let the action of Congress tell. In February, 1861, the action of Congress tell. In February, 1861, the Senate of the United States passed a resolution "that neither the Congress of the United lution "that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution "that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution that neither the Congress of the United Representation of Louis XIV, "I am lution that neither the Congress tell the service to the Abolition it who is filled with maleright to legislate upon or interfere with slavery in any of the slaveholding States in the Union;"

and in July of that year both Houses of Con mergency, Congress, banishing all feeling of mere passion or resentment, will recollect ts duty to the whole country; that this war s not waged upon our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or pression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthr-wisa or interiering with the rights or established institutions in those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the digality, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired; and as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease;" words that deserve to be written in letters of wild.

classes enumerated in the act. Secondly, that within sixty days after public warning and proclamation, it shall be the duty of the President to selze and appropriate all the possessions of the persons in rebellion, or aiding and abetting it, other than those comprehended in the six classes aforementioned; and, thirdly, that from the passage of the act, all slaves of persons in rebellion, or in any way giving aid or complete thereto, shall be forever from

and maintained?

I will not stop at this late day to discuss the constitutionality of this law. There is no warrant in the Constitution for it. Not only is there no warrant for it in the Constitution, but such an exercise of power is expressly probibited.

tion of an oath, to preserve, protect, and de-fend the Constitution, the President declared, from the Constitution, the President declared, "I have no purpose, directly or indirectly, to interfere with the Institution of slavery in the States, where it exists. I believe I have no lawful right to do 50." This declaration was made after six States had passed ordinances of secession. It is true the President has no lawful right to interfere with the institution of slavery in States where it exist. The Constitution of the United States not only recognizes slavery, but it protects the owner of the slave in the enjoyment of his property. Slavery is recognized in that portion of the Constitution which provides, among other things, that direct taxation may be imposed upon three taxation may be imposed upon three taxation uses the words, "three-fifths of all other persons," but no one will dispute that There is no crime to which it has not given the constitutions will dispute that the constitution of the widow and the orphan, are the fruits of secession and abolitionism combined. stitution uses the words, "three-fifths of all other persons," but no one will dispute that slaves were meant. The Constitution protects the owner in the enjoyment of his slave when it provides that no person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due. The Constitution takes into account slaves in fixing the basis of representation. I need not have referred to representation. I need not have referred to these clauses of the Constitution. They are familiar to us all. The Prissipent was right when he declared that he had no lawful right to intefere with slavery where it exists. Has he unlawfully interfered with it?

I approach the investigation of a subject which has filled the hearts of every lover of his country with herror and laws.

his country with horror and alarm. The proclamation of the President of the United States, issued on the 1st of January, 1863, is an act of usurpation, which, if silently submitted to, will terminate in the destruction of this Government. It is an act which in effect pro-claims that the Constitution is at an end, and that the will of the Fresident has become the law of the land. It is an act which upon its face declares that the Constitution neither recognizes norsustains it. The atrocions act is justified by what its author calls military ne-

Before I proceed to enlarg; upon this ligrant violation of the Constitution, let us lance at the influences, which were exercised

o produce it.

In the month of September last the President of the United States was called upon by a delegation of so-called saints, from the city of Chicago, who besought him to issue a of Chicago, who besonght him to issue a proclamation giving freedom to the slave, and he replied "what good would a proclamation of emancipation from me do, especially as we are now situated? Would my word free the slaves when I cannot even enforce the Constitution in the rekel States?" These words were uttered by him almost within a few hours before he issued his proclamation in September. What produced the change? I answer, the influence of abolitionism and Abolition leaders. They brought to bear upon him the pressure of which he complained in his letter to the Border State Representatives in Congress. The 1st of January, 1863, arrived, and Abraham Liacoln, President of the United States, in obedience to the mandates of Abolition leaders, sought to tear down the ramparts of the Constitution, and substantially proclaimed, in the imperial tone of Louis XIV. "I am

the seceded States free, except in particular distric's.

The President of the United States avows. on the face of the proclamation, that his power to issue and enforce it is not derived power to issue and enforce it is not derived from the Constitution, but is authorized by necessity; that it is a war measure. I deny that, in this country, there is any law of war different from the constitutional law of the land. Congress may enact laws and arti-cles of war, but I hold that in their enactment Congress is restricted by the provisions Congress is restricted by the provisions of the Constitution. The Constitution is the supreme law of the land, and is the law of war. The law of nations is permitted, by this supreme law, to be the law of war as to avowed rebels, but it does not permit it as to persons who are not actually engaged in the rebellion. If it were otherwise, the Constitution would no longer be the supreme law of the land. The Constitution provides that, "no person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land

grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval torces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger.

* * * Nor he deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law. Nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation."

If any citizen, not engaged in the land or naval forces nor in rebellion, was intended to

If any citizen, not engaged in the land or naval forces, nor in rebellion, was intended to be deprived of life, liberty, or property, otherwise than is provided for in the clause just referred to, the Constitution would have so read.

I will not pursue this subject further.
John Quincy Adams, in 1842, in a speech in the Congress of the United States, uttered these words: "When a country is invaded, and two hostile armies are met in martial array. two hostile armies are met in martial array, the commanders of both armies have power to emancipate all slaves in the invaded terri-tory." The utterance of such a sentiment as upon him the universal condemnation of all patriotic hearts.

But it seems that the President of the

riously, and yet how sadly, have the sons of Kentucky obeyed the voice of their mother—the blood stained fields of Shiloh and Chaptin Hills, of Donelson and Mill Springs, and last of all, the thrice glorious victory at Murfreesboro, attest their devotion to the Union and Constitution or our country.

It becomes us now to inquire whether the war has been conducted and is now conducted by the party in power for the purpose of "defending and maintaining the supremacy of the Constitution." That was its declared purpose in the beginning. How is it now? On the 17th of July, 1862, the confiscation bill passed Congress, and was signed by the President. Among other things, it enacts, first, that from the passage of the act it shall be the duty of the President to seize and appropriate all the possessions of persons described in certain classes enumerated in the act. Secondly, that within sixty days after public warning and proclamation, it shall be the duty of the President to seize and appropriate all the posses-dent to seize and appropriate all th But the President does not stop here,

proclamation, it shall be the duty of the President to seize and appropriate all the possessions of the persons in rebellion, or aiding and abetting it, other than those comprehended in the six classes aforementioned; and, thirdly, that from the passage of the act, all slaves of persons in rebellion, or in any way giving aid or comfort thereto, shall be forever free, on taking refinge within the lines of our army, or coming within them by the fortunes of war. I ask, if the war is to be conducted according to the principles of this act, in what way is the supremacy of the Constitution defended and maintained?

I will not stop at this late day to discuss the constitutionality of this law. There is no warrant in the Constitution for it. Not only is there no warrant for it, in the Constitution does not grant sufficient

their will is to become the law of the land. It is upon this principle that the confiscation bill was passed.

Sir, such sentiments will never be submitted to until every vestige of manhood has vanished from the land. I can well understand how the people of the South are united in resistance to such principles and to such a party. Abolitionists are the worst enemies of the country; and truly, indeed, his Providence chastened us by afflicting us with such a party.

They have had the ascendency since March 1861, and what good have they secomplished? Our armies, in spite of them, have, on many fields, won imperishable renown. It is to that party we owe the disastrous defeat at Ball Run. It is to them that we owe the more recent defeat at Fredericksburg. Their country defend our fields with the blood of the nod blest ouryouth, And now theywould consummate their hell-born prejects by letting loose four millions of slaves, to exercise rapine, lust, murder, and every crime of which human nature is capable; and these canting hypocrites call themselves Union mey. May a chosen curse of Heaven blast the wretches who would thus ruin their country.

In his inaugural address, under the sanction of an oath, to preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution, the President declared. The breather the clast the sanction of an oath, to preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution, the President declared. The bin in a pressure of abolitionism. The Abolitionism is the same tion of an oath, to preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution, the President declared. The bin in a pressure of abolitionism. The Abolitionism is a pressure of a bolitionism, when I see its arrogance, its assumption, its impudence, I search in vain for appropriate terms in which to express my feel
The states unimpaired. When Congress of the United States, stickens the heart of the Congress of the Congress of the Congress of the downfall of constitution of the President was under the same the heart of the conservation of the States, and the congress of the

appropriate terms in which to express my feel-

birth. Despotic power is exercised by the leader of the Government which secession has established. A remorseless conscription fills the armies which treason has brought to the field, and ruin, dire ruin, is the inevitable destiny of our gountry it either abolition or se-cession succeeds. Go to the South and look at the fields which but lately blossomed as a rose. Ruin and desclation now prevail. The stillness of death reigns, except when it is interrupted by the trumpet's clangor and the cannon's roar; and Kentucky is invited to share their destiny. Invited did I say? rather have those architects of ruin sought to subju-

gate her into a compliance with their despotio will.

But Kentucky will accept no such destiny. She will dispute every inch of ground with abolitionism and secsion, and she will fall, if fall she must, struggling to uphold the Constitution and the Union, surrounded by her children, whose 1 yal hearts will animate them in their last, it may be fruitless, struggle for constitutional government. It may be asked, Mr. Chairman, what is to

be the end of this civil war? I answer, a re-construction of the Union as it was, and the re-establishment of the Constitution as it is. I have an abiding confidence in the patriotism and good sense of the people. The voice of the great Democratic party of the North is heard, and it gives assurance that conserva-tism is to be maintained. The true Union men of Kentucky will join them, and they will struggle together natil the Government and the Un'on are re-established on their original foundation.

Mr. Chairman, the time has arrived when

Mr. Chairman, the time has arrived when every patriot should speak out against the enormities of the party now in power. Their acts of usurpation are insufferable; their impudence is without parallel in the history of any political party. The Government has fallen into the hands of political cut-throats, who seek to assassinate the Constitution under the guise of fanaticism. Sir, I will not dignify them with the name of fanatics. They are dress which the political cauldron in its secth. dregs which the political cauldron, in its seeth-ing and boiling, has thrown to the surface. They avow principles which the leaders of the French revolution would have been ashamed to utter. Neither Dauton, Robespierre, or Marat would have turned loose four millions of slaves to butcher the white race—their masters. Such is the purpose of those who advo-cate the arming of slaves to put down the re-

ice, hatred and ill-will towards all who own slaves? I can imagine the grin of delight which overspreads his count-nance when he reads of the indiscriminate slaughter of man, woman and child, by the trained bands of ne-gro soldiery, and, it at any time he is foiled in his purpose of destruction, he would realize the sentiment—

Stern looked the fiend as frustrate of his will Not half sufficed, and greedy yet to kill."

The Chief Magistrate of the nation

vielded to the pressure of abolitionism and i ed a willing captive by its inhuman demands. omplish their purposes, the Abolitio ists, by turns, flatter and command. They flatter him with the idea that he was born to

command, and say to him: "Hast thou not spoke like thunder on our side Been sworn our soldier—bidding us depend Upon thy stars, thy fortune, and thy strength? and the weak minded man, who is by accident the President, dictates to Generals in the field how a campaign shall be conducted, and how a battle is to be fought. The deplorable re-sult of the battle of the Peninsula is my wit-

Sir, Kentucky is sick of the rule of abolition tion of a constitutional order of things." She looks to the great conservative Democratic party, and to those who are acting with them, for a restoration of the Union as it was and the

for a restoration of the Union as it was and the Constitution as it is.

And the day will assuredly come when abolitionism no longer bears sway. My heart yearns for the day when, our feuds forgotten, this distracted land shall stand again creet among the nations. In my mental vision I see our political firmament again shining brightly upon our path. I behold a constellation in which Washington, and Jefferson, and Jackson, and Clay, beam with renewed luster, guiding us to the magnificent destiny which a great and good God hath appointed for our people.

for our people.

Mr. Chairman, I shall vote against the reso and the gentleman from Galatin, be-cause they look alone to a dissolution of the Union. No suggestion as to how the Union shall be reconstructed enters into his pre-gramme; and I do not believe, if I may be permitted to judge the motives of the gentle-man by his votes as a member of this body. man by his votes as a member of this body, that he desires a reconstruction of the Union. If I mistake not, he has always, when the oc-

Facility of the Mobile Advertiser, dated January 14, now on our table, contains the following advertisement:

Confederate Shoe Factory Agency.

DEPOT, 23 SOUTH COMMERCIAL 87.

SHOES AT WHOLEFALE 80 75 PER PAIR.

WM. A. LEBARON.

EFF We heard yesterday that Mr. John Richardson, the well-known New Orleans pilot, died several days ago on one of the Federal bot is in the neighborfhood of Vicksburg. He was pilot on one of the fleet.

EFF Malcolm Thompson and Wm. Criss, of the 125th Ohio, are being brought to this city from Cleveland, to be tried by a court martial. The former shot as soldier named Fay; the latter is a deserter.

The river was still rising at Nashville Sattrday. There was seven and a half feet water on the shoals, and rising still.

The Legislature of Illinois—Important Resolutions Before the State Senate —The Administration Denounced.

The following resolutions have been reported in the Illinois Senate by Mr. Vandeveer, from the Committee on Federal Rela

created solely by that instrument, it can only exist by virtue thereof; and, when the provisions of that Constitution are suspended either in time of war or in peace, whether by the North or the South, it is alike disunion

fully exercise no power that is not conferred upon it by the Federal Constitution; the exer-cise, therefore, of other powers, not guaran-teed by that instrument, in time of war as well

teed by that instrument, in time of war as well as in time of peace, is a violation of the written will of the American people, destructive of their plan of government and of their common liberties; and

Whereas, The Constitution cannot be maintained nor the Union preserved in opposition to public feeling by the exercise of co-ercive powers confided to the General Government, and that, in case of difference and conflicts between the States and the Federal Government too powerful for adjustment by the flicts between the States and the rederal Government too powerful for adjustment by the civit department of the Government, the appeal is not to the sword by the States or by the General Government, but to the people peacefully a sembled by their representatives.

peacefully a sembled by their representatives in convention; and Whereas, The allegiance of the citizen is due alone to the Constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof—not to any man, or officer, or administration; and whatever support is due to any officer of this Government is due alone by virtue of the Constitution and

Whereas, also, The condition of the whole republic, but more especially the preservation of the liberties of the people of Illinois, in peratively demands that we, their representatives, should make known to our fellow countrymen our deliberation described. tives, should make known to our fellow-countrymen our deliberate judgment and will:
We do therefore declare. That the acts of the Federal Administration in suspending the writ of habens corpus, the arrest of citizens not subject to military law, without warrant or authority; transporting them to distant States; incarcerating them in political prisons without charge or accusation; denying them the right of trial by jury, wienesses in their favor, or counsel for their defense; withholding them from all knowledge of their accusers and the cause of their arrest; answering their petitions for redress by repeated injury and insult; prescribing in many cases, as a condition of their release, test oaths, arbitrary and illegal; in the abridgment of the freedom of speech, and of the press, by imprisoning the citizen for of the press, by imprisoning the citizen for or the press, by imprisoning the citizen for expressing his sentiments; by suppressing newspapers, by military force, and establishing a consorship over others, wholly incomputible with freedom of thought and expression of opinion; and the establishment of a system of espionage by a secret police to invade the sacred privacy of citizens; declaring martial law over States not in rebellion, and where the courts are onen and unpost ructed for the wine ourts are open and unobstructed, for the punenforcement of compensated enameipation, the proposed taxation of the laboring white man to purchase the freedom and secure the elevation of the negro; the tran portation of negroes into the State of Illinois, in deflance of the repeatedly expressed will of the people; the arrest and imprisonment of the represen-tatives of a free and sovereign State; the dis-memberment of the State of Virginia, erecting within her boundaries a new State, without the consent of her Legislature—are, each and all, arbitrary and unconsitutional; a usurpo-tion of the legislative functions, and a suspen-

structive of the Union, establishing, uson the common ruins of the liberties of the people and the soveignty of the States, a consolidated And we hereby solemnly declare that no And we hereby solemnly declare that no American citizen can, without the crime of infidelity to his country's Constitutions, and the allegiance which he bears to each, sanction such usurpations. Believing that our silence will be criminal, and may be construed into consent, in deep reverence for our Constitution, which has been ruthlessly violated, we do hereby enter our most solemn protest.

to warn our public servants against further usurpations; therefore, Resolved, By the Senate (the House of Rep resentatives concurring herein), that the army was organized, confiding in the declaration of declarations aforesaid, culminating in the Emancipation Proclamation, leaving the fact patent that the war has been diverted from its list avowed object to that of subjuguion and the abolition of slavery—a fraud, both legal and moral, has been perpetrated upon the brave sons of Illinois, who have nobly gone forth to battle for the Constitution and the laws; and, while we protest against the con-tinuance of the gross fraud upon our citizen soldiers, we thank them for that heroic con-duct on the battle-field that sheds imperish-

able glory on the State of Illinois.

Resched, That we believe the further prosecution of the precent war cannot result in the restoration of the Union and the preservation of the Constitution as our fathers made it, unless the President's Emancipation Proclamation is withdrawn. Resolved, That while we condemn and de-

nounce the flagrant and monstrous usurpations of the Administration and encroachments of the Abolitionists, we equally condemn and denounce the ruinons heresy of secession as unwarranted by the Constitution,
and destructive alike of the security and perpetuity of our Government and the peace and
liberty of the people; and fearing, as we do,
that it is the intention of the present Congress
and Administration, at no distant day, to acknowledge the independence of the Southern
Confederacy, and thereby sever the Union, we
hereby solemnly declare that we are unaltera-

If f mistake not, he has always, when the occasion here presented itself, voted against supplies of men and money to expel the rebels from Kentucky; and I doubt not it has always gladdened his heart to learn that rebel victories have been obtained over the armies of the Union. I shall vote for no resolution which would strengthen the rebellion or give aid and countenance to the enemies of our Government.

And I am opposed, too, to the resolutions of the gentleman from Kuox. Whilst I yield my assent to the propositions contained in them. I think mere resolutions are behind the times. The occasion, the great crisis which engages our deliberation, is worthy of something higher, more dignified, and more attractive.

them, I think mere resolutions are behind the times. The occasion, the great crisis which engages our deliberation, is worthy of some thing higher, more dignified, and more attractive.

An address would liken our proceedings more to the days when Virginia fluag defiance in the teeth of the clder Adams, by her famous report and resolutions.

I shall vote for the address and resolutions of the committee, because they express not only my feelings and views, but because they express the views of my constituents, and, indeed, I believe, the views of a majority of the Union men of the State of Kentucky.

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Effect of the Government shall be fully proceed to the fights and the executives and Legislatures of the several States, to take such immediate action as shall secure an armistice, in which the rights and about his ears. General Sigel's friends complain of it, General Banks' friends demonate to observe and keep all their lawful and Constitutions to observe and keep all their lawful and Constitutions of the claration of the

in Congress, and to each of the Governors and the Speakers of the Houses tatives of the several States.

TELEGRAPHIC.

From Yesterday's " Evening News,"

Reported Fight near Port Hudson,

Port Royal News.

Rebels Going to Charleston.

The Alabama.

Attack on Puebla Deferred.

From Roanoke.

Stanley's Resignation Accepted.

From Vicksburg.

The Chase of the Florida.

All Quiet at Newbern and Beaufort.

McClellan Applied for Active Service XXXVIIth CONGRESS - Second Session.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, Feb. 16. Mr. DAVIS called up the bill regulating the apppointment of midshipmen. Question pending on the adoption of the amendment

ratifying the appointments made by the President and Secretary of the Navy.

Mr. GRIMES' amendment was rejected.

HOUSE. The House resumed the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill, and the amendment to pay interest on the bonds, it-cluding those stolen from the Interior Department held in trust for the various tribes, which was rejected.

A Times special says Lieutenant Colonel Door, of Foster's staff, arrived to day, direct from Port Royal, with dispatches for Govern-

He utterly denies the recent sensation re-ports in regard to a quarrel between Generals

Hunter and Foster—the same denial was made by the President—and says that no reason ex-ists to believe that anything has occurred like-ly to impair the efficiency of our army in the Department of the South.

Two refugees who left Richmond on last Wednesday state that five brigades of troops from the rebel army at Fredericksburg passed through Richmond hat Sunduy, apparently on the way to Charleston.

On Thursday the main body of the rebel army stretched along the railroad between Sexton's Junction and Fredericksburg. They estima et these forces at from forty to forty-

Great anxiety is felt in Richmond in regard to the anticipated attack by our forces on Charleston. The rebels greatly dread our sion of the judicial departments of the State and Federal Governments, subverting the Constitution, State and Federal, invading the reserved rights of the people and the sover-eignty of the States, and, if sanctioned, de-The army of the Rappahannock is very poor-y supplied with clothing and have not been paid for some months. A great deal of dis-

atisfaction exists in consequence of a want of provisions.

The Ways and Means Committee were said to stand, on Saturday, 3 for to 5 against the reduction of paper duty. Since then it is said that Stevens and one other member of the

gnation of Cameron as Minister to Russia NEW YORK, Feb. 16. ca, on the night of January 25th.

News from Roanke Island states that the rebels have 125 small boats secreted in the

ties, by means of which they expect to cross-to the island and capture the garrison. The steamer Swan, from Key West for New Orleans, has been lost, with seventeen of her crew and passengers.

The Herald has advices from the city of Mexico to January II.

The attack on Puebla was again deferred.

sort of Sebastopol.

There had been several skirmishes in which

There had been several skirmishes in which the Mexicans were victorious.

The Mexicans claim to have captured twelve hundred French mules.

The Tribune's Washington special says an important but vague report comes through rebel channels that Banks has fought a battle seven miles below Port Hudson, the result of which was that the seven will be to the following the seven miles below Port Hudson, the result of which was, that the rebels fell back to Por

Hudson, while he retired to his camps.
It is understood that Gen. Stanley's resignation will be accepted to-day.
The Forty-fifth Michigan, while out on pick-

New York, Feb. 16.

The World says of operations at Vicksburg: It is reported that McArthur's division have moved up to Lake Providence. Here, it appears, the Mississippi is not far removed from two streams, the Bayous of Macon and Tersis, which, at high water, join the parent stream; thence they continue down until they reach Red river. It is deemed possible, with a little excavation and clearing to have a much of the

hereby solemnly declare that we are unalterably opposed to any such severance of the Union, and that we never can consent that the great Northwest shall be separated from the Southern States comprising the Mississippi, valley. That river shall never water the soil of two nations, but, from its source to its confluence with the Gulf, shall belong to one great and united people.

Resolved, That peace, fraternal relations, and political fellowship should be restored among

New York, Feb. 16.
The gunboat Penobscott has arrived.
Everything quiet at Newbern and Beaufort.
The gunboat Pawnee towed the iron-clad Patayscot out of Beaufort on the 9th. Her destination of the state of the sta ination is unknown. The Times says McClellan has a plied for

tive service.

Washington specials state the Senate will

with the other upon the best mode to attum the great blessings of peace, unity, and liber try.

And be it further resolved, That, to secure the co operation of the States and the General Government, Stephen T. Logan, Samuel S. Marshall, H. K. S. O'Melveny, Wm. C. Goudy, Anthouy Thornton, and Jolus D. Caton are hereby appointed commissioners to confer immediately with Congress and the President of the United States, and with the Legislatures and Executives of the several S ates, and urge the nec s I y of prompt action to secure said armistice, and the election of delegats to, and early assembling of, said convention, and to arrange and agree with the General Government and the several States upon the time and place of holding said convention, and that they report their action in the premises to the General Assembly of this State.

Resolved, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives be requested to transmit a copy of the foregring preamble and resolutions to the President of the United States, and cach of our Senaters and Representatives [N. Y. Herald,]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY HARNEY, HUGHES & CO. -OFFICE-

South side Green Street, two doors below the Customhouse.

W. E. HUGHES, State Printer

TUESDAY, FEB. 17, 1863.

Closing and Arrival of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice. Eastern, Western and Northern closes at 12:00 M., and arrives at 12:00 M. Southern Kentucky, via I., & N. B.B., (small offices close at 9:00 r. M. the previous evening), closes at 6:50 A. M., and arrives at 6:50 P. Mailboot to Cholomati, Ohio, closes at 9:00 A. M., and

Mailboat to Chennath, Unito, closes at 9300 A. M., and arrives at 6:00 A. M. L. & F. B.E. closes at 12:00 at night and 1:00 P. M., and arrives at 11:06 A. M. and 6:30 P. M. Shelbyville closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 M. Lebanon R.E. closes at 12:90 at night, and arrives at Bardstown R.R. closes at 3:00 F. M., and arrives at 3:00 F. M. etown Stage (tri-weekly) closes at 12:00 at illustrate his remarks upon the topics presentad arrives at 6:00 P. M. son and River (tri-weekly) leaves Mondays, ed by maps and paintings. ays and Fridays at 1:00 P. M., and arrives at sville Stage closes at 8:00 A. M., and arrives at Taylorsville Stage closes at 5:30 L. M., and arrives at 12:30 F. M.
5:30 On routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 t night, the way mails close at 9:00 P. M.

REMOVAL.

The LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT OFFICE has been established on the South side of Green street. one door from the Customhouse, on the square between Third and Fourth streets, in the build- the

CITY NEWS. Military Directory.

Brigadier General Boyle, commanding District of Western Kentucky. Headquarters on Seventh street, transacted on Sunday, for which purpose Headquarters will be open until 12 M.

Third.
Capt. H. C. Symonds, Commissary of Subsistence—
fflee on Second street, below Galt House.
Dr. J. F. Head, Medical Director—office on Walnut
street, between Fourth and Fifth.
Lieut.-Col. Selby Harney, Provost Marshal—Office on
Green street, between Fifth and Center.
Lieutenant Edson, Ordnance Officer—Seventh and
Main streets. Coets.
United States Depository—over the Postoffice.
Lieutenant Smyser, Ordnance Office, Main street,
stween Seventh and Eighth.

General Hospitals in Louisville. No. 1—Corner of Ninth and Broad way streets. No. 2—Prison Hospital, corner of Tenth and Broad

No. 3—Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut, No. 4—Corner of Fifteenth and Main streets. No. 5—For Eruptive Diseases, Bardstown turnpike, No. 6—Green street, between Fifth and Center. No. 7—On a hill east of Park Barracks. No. 8—Fifth street, between Broadway and York. No. 9—Corner of Market and Wenzel streets. No. 10—Walnut street, between Jackson and Hanock. No. 11—Corner of Chestnut and Floyd, and City Hos-12—Corner of Magazine and Ninth streets.
13—Corner of Green and Thirteenth streets.
14—Corner of Brook street and Broadway

floers).
No. 15—Griffin House, Newburg pike.
No. 16—Watham's stores, Jeffersonville, Ind.
No. 17—Blind Asylum, Shelbyville turnpike.
No. 18—Turner's Hall, Jefferson street.
No. 19—Johnson House, between the Bardstown and

OLD PAPERS.—We have a large lot of old papers on hand, which we will sell at four dollars per thousand.

JOB PRINTING.

The JOB DEPARTMENT in the Democrat Office is now ready for all kinds of printat prices to suit the times

SHOOTING AFFRAY. - An altercation occurred Sunday afternoon at the Galt House, between Capt. J. B. Frisby, of the Sixth Indiana eavalry, and a soldier named Gavin, who had a Confederate prisoner in charge. It appears that the soldier accidentally struck the Captain as they were passing each other, and a fight ensued, during which the musket was taken from the soldier. Capt. F. then procured a pistol and fired three or four shots, one of which

Police Proceedings-Monday, Feb. 16 .-Henry, a slave of George C. Hunter, charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct; twenty stripes.

Peter Leiber, charged with passing counterfeit money; discharged.

William Perkins and Andrew Perkins charged with stealing two horses; discharged. Charles Hawkins and Alexander Young, charged with shooting and wounding Thomas Keller; Young was discharged, and the case against Hawkins continued.

"STRIKING LIKENESSES."-Yesterday after Loon a drinking soldier, who had been struck with the likenesses taken by a Fourth street photographer, that were on exhibition in a large glass case, let his fist drive through the large glass, completely demolishing it, and spoiling the faces of several pictures.

SEIZURE.-One large box, a trunk, and a leather valise, marked "S," were seized yesterday morning by the military authorities. They contained swords, p'stols, and other contraband articles, which the owner intended taking to Dixie; but he "smelt a mice," and left for

Personal.-Captain Tom Berry, of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, returned from Virginia Sunday, where he has been on Nashville this morning. Captain Berry looks fat and hearty as usual.

A negro had his watch taken from him Sunday evening, on the corner of Gray and First streets, by a thief dressed in Federal uniform. First street is gaining celebrity for its highway robberies and mud-holes.

Bloom, who was stabbed by Mike Allen, Indian some days ago, is not expected to re-

Several negroes were stopped on the streets Sunday night by guards, who robbed them. These "black guards" ought to be at-

tended to by the proper authorities. One hundred and fifty sick and wound ed Confederate prisoners arrived on Saturday evening on the steamer Prioress. They were

transferred to Hospital No. 7. There was but little business transacted in the Police Court yesterday. But few oath yesterday before Judge Johnson, and

cases were disposed of, and they were hard-There will be a very pleasant cotillon party given to-night in the small hall of the

Masonic Temple. It will be fine. Mr. O. J. Carr, the efficient Adams Ex- terday. Police Court business will be rather

press Company messenger, has our thanks for slim this morning.

Nashville papers of Sunday. the military prison in St. Louis on Saturday. March.

A Lecture of an Attractive Theme. We learn with pleasuff that Dr. Newberry; the Associate Sebretary of the United States Sanitary Commission, has kindly consented to deliver, for the benefit of the Soldiers' Home, connected with several of the expeditions sent | Wm. Tiernan security. tion of Oregon and Washington Territories, rick Henis, now in jail as a runaway, on the and the countries bordering on the Colorado 26th of April next. and other rivers in the interior of the continent. naturalist, he eagerly seized and faithfully improved the opportunities thus presented him of becoming acquainted with the distinguishing and characteristic features of the countries visited. He studied the climate, the ge- Brent Haggin Armstrong; James Bridgeford ological peculiarities, the vegetable and mineral productions, the antiquities, and the cus-

toms of the people, and gathered a mass of information which has afforded him the materials for several very valuable reports and many interesting lectures. He will speak Thursday evening at the Ma sonic Temple, upon "The Far West," and will assignee of M. B. Swain.

A SPLENDID PRESENT .- We stepped into the jewelry establishment of Mr. Wm. Kendrick, Jefferson county. on Third street, between Main and Market, of solid silver, consisting of a large and beautiful waiter, a pitcher, and six goblets elaborately chased and engraved-the goblets being and Charles Walker; James B. Brutas seculined with gold-making it one of the most costly and magnificent presents we have ever On the waiter is neatly engraved

following inscription; "From the ing formerly occupied by the Louisville Cour- loyal men of Nashville, Tennessee, to Andrew Johnson, as a testimonial of their high regard for his patriotic labors in Key, to correct their tax lists, entered and condefense of the Constitution and the Union, and especially for his zealous and able de-United Stats, December 18th and 19th, 1860, western Remarky. Readquary. Orderly hours for officers, 9 A. M.; for citizens, 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Military business of urgent importance only will be of her Capital. This handsome testimonial and for his devotion to Tennessee, and the inwas gotton up by Mr. Kendrick, who has displayed fine taste in the design and excellent as requested by his will. Capt. Julius Fosses. Assistant Inspector-General of Cavalry—Office No. 741 Sixth street, between Chestart and Broadway.

Col. Marc Mundy, commanding post—Office on Center street, between Jefferson and Green.

Quartermaster's Office—Green street, two doors above Third. rich and beautiful to cail and examine this of Sallie G., Edwin B., Henry and Ellen Winhandsome present.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.-We learn that an affray Main streets, between First and Brook.
Captain Hull, military storekeeper—Main street, between First and Brook.
Paymaster's Office—corner of Third and Walnut feet of a schoolteacher named Roberts, whom he touched when stooping down occurred about six o'clock last evening in whom he touched when stooping down to pick it up. As Batman was arising, Roberts drew a pistol and fired on him, the ball entering the right breast, inflicting a painful wound. Batman was searched on the spot, and his pistol taken from him. Up to the time our informant left, no arrests had been made, nor could he learn the origin of the difficulty. Batman was carried into a house and assistance called for. It is thought he may possibly recover, though his case seems

> In the Evening News of Monday was pulished a statement, upon the information of a gentleman, to the effect that most of the delegates to the convention, to be held at Frankfort on the 18th inst., were drunk on the boat-some shouting for Jeff. Davis and John passenger who got on at Owensboro, and and sanitary supplies. another at Cannelton, Ind. They report the delegates sober and discreet, and not guilty as charged.

The "Secesh" held a meeting last night ing. Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c., in the Police Court-room, and appointed deleprinted at the shortest possible notice, and gates to the gathering at Frankfort to morrow. Some of those named as delegates are wellknown Union men, who were mostly not present-the rest not having been asked to serve -but appointed as a sort of blind. All the officers and active persons were and always have been active "Secesh" and sympathizers with the rebellion. Many of them are on the record as having taken the oath of allegiance and being under bonds. They are proper "Democrats"-they are.

MASONIC TEMPLE.—As usual, the Campbells had a very good house last night. They will took effect in Gavin's groin, and another in the appear this evening with a new budget of arm of a bystander named Osborne. Officer Gallagher arrested the Captain, and took him before Gen. Boyle, who told him to consider himself under arrest. Gavin's wound may on Thursday night, and in Lexington on Monhimself under arrest. Gavin's wound may prove fatal. Mr. Osborne's wound is only a flesh wound. Captain Frisby received a slight bayonet wound.

On Thursday night, and in Lexington on Monday. We can commend them to all lovers of the city for the money borrowed under the provisions of this ordinance, in sums of not less than one thousand dollars,

> SHOOTING.—About eleven o'clock last night two men, one of whom was called Ed. Parker. went into the Arbor coffeehouse, on Third street, near Green, and got into a quarrel with the barkeeper, in the course of which the bottles, glasses, and mirror were broken into little pieces, and Parker was shot in the leg, and cut in the head with a bottle. Parker and his

The following sales were made yesterday of runaway slaves, by order of the County Court in this city : Henry (boy)

...\$1,425 THEATER.—This popular place of resort was

filled with a very good andience last night. Mrs. Waller's Meg Merriles was excellent, indeed we may say perfect. To-night the Duchess of Malfi will be produced-Mr. and Mrs. Waller both appearing in the piece. Mr. Fuller will produce his "skating feet," previous to the Quiet Family making their appear-

ARREST.-Last night about 11 o'clock officers Tom Antle and Joel Lamborn arrested William Henry Coons, a teamster, at a coffee business. He will take charge of the train to house, corner of Fifth and Water streets. He had stolen a revolver Sanday night from another teamster on a boat at the levee. He was secreted most of the day by some of his triends, but was finally put into the lock-up.

CLEAR THE SIDEWALKS .- It is a source of rejoicing that the tobacco trade of this city is growing very rapidly, but we think the proprietors of the warehouses should enlarge their borders, or do something else to keep in Jestersonville, died yesterday. their borders, or do something else to keep Crutcher, who was cut in an affray with an

forced into the street. Job Printing of all Descriptions, in Plain and Fancy Colors, Neatly Executed, at the Shortest Possible Notice. Call and Examine Specimens and learn

prices. "Wood's Panorama of the World" was unfurled to a very fair audience last night. It will be on exhibition this evening. Go and

see it. Four or five rebel prisoners took the were released from the Military Prison.

RAIN.-After nearly two days of beautiful weather, we had rain again last night, beginning about 10 o'clock,

There were but few arrests made yes-

defferson County Court. ANDREW MONHOR, Judge:

MONDAY, February 16. The will of Edward F. Dowling proved and Sunday evening, February 15th. They were a lecture upon a most interesting subject. Dr. admitted to record; Catharine Hughes quali-Newberry, as many of our readers know, was fied as administratrix, with the will annexed:

by our National Government for the explora- Ordered, that the sheriff sell the negro Pat-

Remonstrance filed against F. Boehlir's pe A man of large and active mind, and a fine tition for tavern license in California; motion heard and dismissed.

Voltaire Scott qualified as notary public of Jefferson county. Goorge W. Bright appointed guardian o

Rule vs Peter H. Antle, guardian of Hardin to settle his accounts.

The following settled accounts were filed and continued for exceptions; J. D. Ward administrator of Nathan Singer, John Shardien administrator of Ben Pfeister, and Thos. Poole

Eisenmenger vs Bender's heirs, deed ac-

knowledged by commissioners John Schardien and W. J. McGonigale. G. P. Arbegust qualified as notary public of

Mary Dennis appointed guardian of Mary yesterday, and were shown a magnificent set Jane, Geo. W., Sarah M. and Eli Dennis; J. H. Dennis security. John Burks appointed guardian of Elizabeth

accounts as administratrix of M. V. Watts. The will of Stephen Jones proyed and admitted to record. Motion of H. M. Bullitt and Mrs. Helen M

tinued one week. In answer to the call for the levy court, sevfense of the Government in the Senate of the eral justices appeared, but there being no quorum the court adjourned for two weeks. The will of George Lander, alias George S Davis, was proved and admitted to record. Mrs. Sarah F. Wingate, qualified as execu

> Phillip Eisenmenger had license to keep taver on the Fountain Ferry road. Mrs. Sarah F. Wingate, appointed guardian

trix of Reuben 4. Wingate, without security

gate; Jos. A. Moore security. Early Smith and Simeon A. Gaar, executors appointed by the will of Stephen Jones, declined to qualify.

W. B. Belknap and W. A. Richardson, executors appointed by the will of Wm. Richardfacts as we could learn, it appears that Batman son, declined to qualify. Lawrence Richardhad dropped a cigar, which fell near the son, qualified as administrator, with the will annexed; W. A. Richardson security.

The following rebel prisoners, from this State, were released in St. Louis on Friday from the Gratiot street prison, on the oath of renunciation and of allegiance to the United States Government: Richard Wilcox, Made county; Willis P. Bush, Sixth Kentucky regiment. Thos. Middleton, company H, Second Kentucky regiment, has been released from the Burnett House hospital, and will return to his home in Henry county, Ky.

The large steamer, General Williams, struck a snag and sunk, while attempting to land at Fort St. Leon, on the Mississippi, on the 30th ult. She was crowded with passengers, all of whom were saved. A number of ladies and children were on board.

The Government steamer J. C. Swon, Morgan, and using language most offensive to took fire in the hold at the wharf in St. Louis all loyal men. Parties who came passengers on Friday. After much difficulty, the fire on the same boat state that most of the noise was extinguished without doing any serious was made by a man in Federal uniform, and a damage. She was loaded with Government

Mr. J. C. Lutterell was lately elected Mayor of Knoxville, Tennessee, by a Union majority of one hundred and seventy-five votes

THANKS.—We are nuder great obligations to Mr. Nunnemacher, of Adams Express, for St. Louis papers of yesterday.

An Ordinance

TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE LIABILITIES OF THE CITY OF LOUIS-Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the General Council of the City of Louisville, That under the author ity granted and delegated to them by an act of the Legislature of the State of Kentucky, approved February 19, 1862, for the purpose of review the constitution of exiting the constitution

paying the existing liabilities of said city, and such as shall be created by said Council before the 10th day of March, 1863, the Mayor is hereby authorized and directed to borrow from the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, the Lou-

earing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum—interest payable semi-annually; said notes to run not less than one nor more than seven years from their date; the interest and principal payable at the Treasurer's office in the city of Louisville. Sec. 3. To secure the payment of the inter-est and principal of said notes at maturity, a

tax of ten cents on each one hundred dollars' worth of all real estate, slaves, and pleasure carriages in the city of Louisville subject to taxation is hereby levied, to be collected in companion were arrested by officers McGuire and Green, and lodged in jall.

Sales by Order of the County Court.

Sales by Order of the County Court.

be in force from its passage.

WM KAYE, P. B. C. C.

J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.

WM. F. BARRET, P. B. A. WM. F. BARRET, P. B. A.
SAMUEL A. MILLER, C. B. A.
Approved February 14, 1863.
J. M. DELPH, Mayor.
Attest: Samuel A. Miller, C. B. A.

An Ordinance TO GRADE AND PAVE THE SIDEWALK ON EAST SIDE OF CLAYSTREET, FROM CHEST-NUT TO BROADWAY STREET,

Be it ordained by the General Council of the City of Louisville, That the sidewalk on east side of Clay street, from Chestnut to Broadway street, shall be graded and paved in accordance with specifications to be furnished by the City Engineer, and under his supervision, said work to be executed at the exclusive cost of the to be executed at the exclusive cost of the owners of property binding thereon, the city to be liable for no part of the gost thereof, and if in any event the city should be compelled to pay any portion of the cost thereof, she reserves the right to remove the material.

WM. KATE, P. B. C. C.

J.M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.

WM. F. BARRET, P. B. A.

SAMUEL A MILLER, C. B. A.

Approved February 14, 1863.

Attest: SAMUEL A. MILLER, C. B. A.

APRIL ELECTION.

FOR MAYOR.

OBITUARY.

Died, in th's city, on the 15th inst., Mr. Christopher Conson, in the e5th year of his age, his fanera will take place on Tuesday morning at 7½ clock, from St. John's Charch, corner of Clay and walms streets. The friends and members of St. Vin-tent de Paul Society are respectfully requested to attend he funeral. cent de Paul Society are respectfully requested to attend the funeral.

Yes, dear friends, he has left you; your fond and deting father has fallen asleep to wake no more in this life. Remember that your loss is his gain—that he has fallen asieep in Jesus. Why should you weep? He has lived a long life of usefulness, has lived to see his children grown, has instructed them in the path they should walk, and now meekly lays his head on his Saviour's bosom and falls asleep to awake in a brighler world, where sorrow is unknown.

He has met his departed partner, and they await the coming of their children. Remember, while you mourn, that he is enjoying that peaceful serenity which cannot be experienced in this life, but which all enpy that go to that better world. May Be repose in peace, is the wish of all his friends.

Djed, in this city, on the loth Instant, Capt Rickard Fringuesos, formerly of the steamer Atlantic, in the 22th year of his age.

The County Court met yesterday, and A sprightly Nedro Boy, About 14 OR in fell diff There were 1,112 prisoners confined in adjourned to meet on the second day of Pune SUGARS-CRUSHED GRADULATED AND Powdered; also prime N.O. Sug. on hand and for sale by [fell]

SICE AND WORKDED CONFEDERATE PRISON. ans.—The following is a list of the sick and wounded Confederate prisoners who were brought to this city from Murfreestore, on

John Armstrong, co D, 4th Ark.

J P Aclin, co E, 4th Ark batt.

J N Adams, co A, 4th Ark.

W J Amberson, co I, 19th Ala.

Elijah Andrews, co A, 1th Tenn.

William T Adams, co C, 1th Tenn.

J W Anderson, sergeant, co G, 24th Tenn.

J W Anderson, co A, 3th Miss.

William Bradford, co H, 9th Tenn.

A C Breward, co K, 5th Tenn.

J M Braden, co G, 4th Tenn.

J M Braden, co G, 4th Tenn.

J M Braden, co G, 4th Tenn.

Willis Byrd co K, Blythe's Miss.

W J Bird, co C, 6th Ky,

G W Bailey, co B, 4tet Miss,

Jacob Benton, co B, 16th Texas.

John H Brown, co B, 8th Ala.

Conrad Bills, co H, 2d Ky.

Oliver P Bond, co I, 1st Ark.

Robert F Beff, co G, 8th Miss cav.

B F Balksdale, co E, G E Elfolt's light artillery

Washington Batler, co F, 8th Miss.

A Balger, co C, 6th Ark.

R A Boucher, co H, 24th Miss.

Thomas A Ball, co D, 6th Ky,

J W Bennett, co H, 4th Tenn.

W B Buckalew, co A, 39d Ala.

S W Blair, co D, 5th Miss.

M B Bynum, co B, 19th Ala.

J W Berfield, Smith's batt.

W J Bryant, co H, 17th Tenn.

C C Cassey, co B, Terry's T xas Rangers.

R T Cawthorn, co A, 1st Miss.

I J Canon, co A, 1st Tenn.

H Chadwick, co H, 16th La.

Thomas Cunningham, co D, 4tth Tenn.

M B Crussell, co G, 19th Tenn.

H Chadwick, co H, 16th La.

Thomas Cunningham, co D, 4tth Tenn.

Wm Crussell, co G, 19th Tenn.

G Coaser, co A, 26th Tenn.

H C Coaser, co A, 26th Tenn.

H C Coaser, co C, 26th Tenn.

H C Coaser, co C, 26th Tenn.

Wm Crussell, co G, 19th Tenn.

Wm Croball Reserved Re

W T Hodge, co D, 30th Miss.

B' Harris, co E, 24, 44s.

James Holiyfield, co I, 1st Ark cay.

W L Harvis, co E, 24th Miss.

T A Harris, co E, 11th Texas.

G J Hughes, co I, 3d Ala cav.

Hogan, co B, 24th Tenn.

Henry Horle, co K, 53d Ala.

Frank Haley, go A, 35th La.

Wm Haden, sergeant, 60 D, 16th Ark.

Robt K Harden, co D, 31st Tenn.

W L Howard, co E, 7th Miss.

E N Hendrick, co B, 2d Ky.

J B Hays, co L, 45th Tenn.

Warren Home, co K, 88th Ind.

W B Hodges, co C, 33d Tenn.

L W Hughes, co I, 6th Ark.

John M Hilton, co G, 19th Tenn.

Alred Hammond, co F, 5th Tenn.

A M Holloway, sergeant, co K, 4th Ky.

J J Hedgecock, co A, 11th Tenn.

W B Hadley, co B, West's battery.

J H Jones, co D, 39th N C.

G T Jones, co D, 39th N C.

G T Jones, co D, 39th N C.

Wm Johnson, co K, 19th Tenn.

Wm G Jacobs, co I, 12th Tenn.

Bell J John, corporal, co D, 13th La.

Wm James, co K, 79th Ind.

J M King, corporal, co A, 8th Miss.

Thos Kersey, co B, 4th Ky.

Thos Kelley, co D, 4th Fia.

J M King, corporal, co Q, 5th Ark.

R L Keen, capitalin, co F, 15th Ark.

R L Keen, capitalin, co F, 3th Ark.

R L Keen, capitalin, co F, 3th Ala.

H W Lovelady, co A, 22d Ala.

D H Lord, co B, 45th Tenn.

Elias Latham, co D, 4th Tenn.

S R Martin, co D, 38th Tenn.

J M Lines, co G, 11th Tenn.

S R Martin, co D, 35th Tenn.

J M Lines, co G, 11th Tenn.

S R Martin, co D, 35th Tenn.

J M Lines, co G, 11th Tenn.

H McGallen, co E, 13th La.

J J Morrow, co K, 5th Miss.

J W Massey, co H, 13th Tenn.

J M Milles, Latham, co D, 45th Miss.

J W Massey, co B, 39th Mis

Matthew Nugent, co F, 16th La. Michael Nosty, co B, 2d Ark. W. Neal, co B, 41st Miss.

J J Oroins, co C, 6th Ky.
Daniel O'Neal, co A, 11th Tenn.
W H Phillips, co A, 1st Ark mounted rifles.
R A Price, co B, 44th Tenn.
W H Prine, co B, 37th Miss.
N H Penney, sergeant, co I, 2d Ky.
B F Pritchet, co H, 8th C S A.
John Pinkings, co K, 32d Ala.
J P Paythress, co B, 16th La.
J P Paythress, co B, 16th La.
J G Puryear, co B, 7th Ark.
Jahiea Pipton, co A, 26th Tenn.
B F Richardson, co I, 8th Miss.
H M Rosenbrem, co K, 46th Tenn.
Jacob Rotchild, co F, 28th Tenn.
Jacob Rotchild, co F, 28th Tenn.
Jacob Rotchild, co F, 28th Tenn.
John Bitchey, co C, 41st Ala.
W A J Robertson, co G, 10th Texas.
D Reeder, co E, 5th Ark.
James Ryan, co D, 14th Ls.
William Regan, sergeant, co F, 13th La.
John Riley, co K, 13th La.
W M Ray, co H, 5th Ark.
J P Reoll, co I, 16th La.
C T Reese, co C, 3d C S A.
T J Roacher, co H, 11th Tenn.
W Sanford, co I, 18th Ark.
W J Savage, co B, 33d Tenn.
W Smith, co B, 2d Ark.
P O Savant, co G, 16th La.
William Stewart, co H, 41st Ala.
Thomas Smith, co H, 11th Tenn.
Thomas Struckland, sergeant, co B, 10th Texas ancers.
James Samuel, co G, 4th Ky.

James Samuel, co G, 4th Ky. Lawrence Smith, co B, 13th La. M I Smith, co H, 19th Ala. James Samuel, co G, 4th Ky.
Lawrence Smith, co B, 13th La.
M I Smith, co H, 19th Ala.
O D Stosey, sergeant, co H, 8th G S A.
G W Stone, co D, 30th Miss.
James Sanders, co H, 20th La.
B C Seaborn, co I, 20th Tenn.
W O Stuart, co C, 40th Tenn.
Y Stuffle, co K, 26th Tenn.
Y Stuffle, co K, 26th Tenn.
Y Stuffle, co K, 26th Tenn.
J Sherd, co B, 8th Ala.
R S Staples, co H, 19th Tenn.
J D Shipp, co D, 16th Ala.
G A Tipton, co G, 19th Tenn.
J D Shipp, co D, 16th Ala.
G A Tipton, co G, 19th Tenn.
W S Thoraton, co G, 13th Tenn.
C Tomlin, co E, 18th Tenn.
Simpson Tranis, co A, Austin's La. Battery.
Henry H Tipko, co K, 1st Ark.
W m B Phompson, co I, 24th Tenn.
Alouzo Thompson, co I, 3th La.
J B Thomason, co K, 8th Tenn.
C Trout, co K, 5th Tenn.
J N Urquehart, co E, 32d Ala.
M W Verden, co I, 24 Ky,
C V Vecorhies, co E, 4th Tenn.
J R Vail, co E, 4th Ky.
C Whitfield, co I, 11th Tenn.
J T Williams, sergeant, co B, 8th C S cav.
W A Williams, co D, 14th Texas.
E J Whiterworth, co A, 10th Miss.
James Whitfield, co G, 10th Texas.
T J Williams, co B, 31st Tenn.
A T Webb, co A, 16th La.
J H Wash, co F, 14th Texas cav.
G Warton, co E, 7th Miss.
J N Wilson, co H, 17th Tenn.
H Owens, co H, 9th Texas.
T N Ingram, co D, 30th Miss.
Richard Carney, co G, 1st La.
James S Crank, co H, 2d Tenn.
C Burden, co G, 29th Tenn.
Wm Driscoll, co K, 13th La.
Aaron McLane, co roporal, co D, 9th Ky,
Geo W Hamilton, sergeant. co I, 28th Tenn.
S W Pierce, co G, 16th Tenn.

FOR MEN AND BOYS. PRATHER & SMITH'

LOCAL NOTICES.

Spencer's weekly grocery sale this morning will take place at eleven o'clock, instead of the usual hour, owing to other pressing ergagements. In addition to the sale to-day, a lot of fine prunes, a superior grocery bin and cannon stove, just received, will also be sold.

The New York Daily Times speaks thus of Professor McClintock's family medicines: "The wisest and best men in the country have been patients of Dr. McClintock, and some of our greatest physicians have been his pupils." Raymond & Tyler are agents for the sale of his Cough Syrup, and Cold and Cough mixture; also, his Tonic Alterative Syrup, Dyspeptic Elixir, Rheumatic Mixture, and remedy for Astima and Whooping Cough. Call on the agents, No 74, Fourth street. Strader & Keyt,)

UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS.—I have on and, and will constantly keep a full supply of the above stamps.

Persons ordering by mail may depend upon having their orders filled by return mail.

Office in Customhouse.

PHILIP SPEED.

PROBLEM Smith's adm'r,
Fred. Smith's hr's & cr's.

In Lou. Ch'y Court, 17,814.

Fred. Smith's hr's & cr's.

In Lou. Ch'y Court, 17,814.

Fred. Smith's hr's & cr's.

THE CREDITORS OF FRED. SMITH. DECEASED.

The credit order of the state of the state of the seat them to me at my office, in Louisville, and prove them according to have on or before the 18th day of March next.

Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Kentucky. ja21 d&w1m QUESTION IN ARITHMETIC.—It is said that a

QUESTION IN ARITHMETIC.—It is said that a stick thrown at a dog recently in front of a Washington city hotel, hit five Brigadier Generals. Now, the question arises. Suppose a stick thrown u the mud in front of any of the city hotels, how many of the nice suits of clothing bought of J. M. Armstrong, on Main, opposite the National, would get spattered? Answers salicited.——16. 13. Hair, teeth and cloth brushes, a choice assortment at J. Suzs'.

Bird cages of all descriptions at J. Sues'. The principal companies making sewing machines are Wheeler & Wilson, I. M. Singer & Co., and Grover & Baker. Of the machines made there were sold during the

those of any other sewing machine company In addition to these awards of the highest authority, we have the testimonials of the most intelligent and influential ladics, manufacturers and professional seamstresses in all parts of the United States, Europe, British America, West Indies, Central and South America, Turkey, India, China and Japan. All machines warranted three years.

machines warranted three years,
W. M. SUMNER & Co., Agents,
No. 1 Masonic Temple. In addition to their hat and fur business, Mesers, Green & Green keep the most elegant stock of gents' furnishing goods in the city. Gentlemen who wish tasteful goods, will find them at this house. Their styles of collars are unequaled. They also make to order from measurement and warrant to fit. order from measurement, and warrant to fit. gents' shirts, linen, muslin or woolen, at short notice, and in any style desired. Their shirts are all made in the house.

30 bags cotton yarn, assorted sizes. 50 bales batting. 300 bags Rio coffee. 50 hhds. New Orleans sugar.

20 butts fine Virginia tobacco. 40 butts Missouri and Kentucky do; for sale at lowest market rates, by GLAZEBROOK, BRO. & Co., 530 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES. Coal! Coal! Coal! N. W. HUGHES.

PITTSBURG & YOUGHIOGHENY COAL.

Coal Business. I feel justified in offering to the public, Coal of the best quality, by the barge or boat load, or by retail, at unsually low prices to suit the times, at my office, No. 100 Fourth street, between Main and Water, east side. I buy and sell exclusively FOR CASH, and guaranweighed by a sworn Coal Inspector.
N. W. HUGHES.

AMERICAN WATCHES

FOR SOLDIERS AT REDUCED PRICES. American Watches for Americans!

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY give notice that they have lately issued a new style of Watch, expressly designed for Soldiers and others who desire a good watch at a moderate price. These watches are intended to Swiss manufacture with which the country is flooded. and which were never expected to keep time when the country because unsalable at home and used here only

for JOCKEYING and SWINDLING purposes. We offer to sell our Watch, which is of THE MOST SUB STANTIAL MANUFACTURE, AN ACCURATE AND DURABLE TIMEKEEPER, and in Sterling Silver cases, Hunting pattern, at as low a price as is asked for the trashy ANGRES and LAPINES of foreign make already referred to. We have named the new series of Watches, WILLIAM ELLERY, Boston, Mass., which name will be found on the

our trademarks. Sold by all respectable Watch Dealers in the loyal Wholesale orders should be addressed to ROBBINS & APPLETON. Agents for the American Watch Company,

plate of every watch of this manufacture, and is one of

fel2 deod2m2dp 182 BROADWAY, N. Y. WHAT IS IT? What is it that blackens grey whiskers in fiv CRISTADORO'S DYE! CRISTADORO'S DYE! What Dye contains neither lime, lead, nor nitrate

silver? CRISTADORO'S! What Dye gives the least trouble and is most quickly applied? CRISTADORO'S! What Dye is the only one analyzed and pronounced safe?

CRISTADORO'S! What Dye produces the most permanent effect?
CRISTADORO'S!

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor Ho New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$3 per box, according to size. CRISTADORO'S HAIR RESTORATIVE Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair.

Price 50 cents, \$1, and \$2 per bottle, according to

50 cents, \$1, and \$2 per bottle, according to [From the Journal and Messenger, a religious paper of Cincinnati.] Cure for Dyspepsia, MR. EDITOR: I feel it due to those who are suffering from dyspepsia to state a remedy, which I have been advised to use, and which has effected a cure. I was afflicted with the unpleasant consequences of indigention last winter and spring, till my health was despaired of. I have been an opposer to patent medicines generally, but was induced to use "Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters," manufactured in your city. One bottle has relieved me of all those symptoms, and I can now gratify a good appetite upon the luxuries of this bountifal season, without experiencing the exceedingly unpleasant effects which eating even light food caused me a few

onths since.

lieve this medicine to be good and effective i those diseases of the st mach for which it is rec mended. I write this without the knowledge of Do Roback or any one concerned, and do it first of all for the good of those suffering from indigestion and its sin-dred results.

A MINISTER. For sale everywhere.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS FOR SALE BY EDW, WILDER, 514 Main at

50 BAGS ALLSPICE FOR SALE BY EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

LADIES ATTENTION.

F. NORTH & CO., NOTICE.

In Louisville Chancery. Dean & Clifford. Dean & Chrord.

THIS AND OTHER CAUSES IN SAID COURT
against same parties were referred to me to ascertain t*e partnership debts of the firm of Dean & Chiford,
I therefore notify all persons having claims against sail firm of Dean & Chiford to precent them to me at my office in Louisville, immediately, and prove the same THOS. P. SMITH, Com'r Lou. Ch'y Court. Notice.

THE CREDITORS OF FRED. SMITH. DECEASED.

Are hereby notified that this is a proceeding to settle his estate. Those having claims against him will present them to me at my office, in Louisville, and prove them according to law, on or before the 15th day of March next.

TdOS. P. SMITH.

felf d3&w2

Com'r Lou, Ch'y Court. NOTICE.

H. H. Buchanan's adm'r,
H. H. Buchanan's crs.

II. H. Buchanan's crs.

III. Lou. Ch'y Court, 17,826.

IIII. Lou. Ch'y Court, 17,826.

III. Lou. Ch'y Court, Teachers' Examination.

THE EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS FOR THE
Public Schools will be held at the Fourth Ward
School building, on Chestnut street, between Second and
Third, on Thursday morning, February 28th, at 9 o'clock
A. M. Persons desiring cards of admission will call on
the Superintendant at his office, corner Walnut and
Center, and obtain them.

fel7 d9

J. P. GHEEN, Sup't P. S. Time the True Test-Experience the Best Guide

AN OLD STANDARD REMEDY

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, AND ALL

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam Has become the most popular medicine ever put forth for the cure of Coughs, Colds, AND Consumption, It has stood the best of all tests—time—and has sus-It has stood the best of all tests—time—and has sus-ained its reputation for nearly forly years. Physicians of the highest respectability prescribe it is succelor to any other preparation in use for the above complain s, and thousands of families keep it on land as a Standard Family Medicine. Sold generally Price 50 cer's and \$1. Prepared only by REED, CUTLER & CO., Boston, Mass fass. ja23 d2aw&w3m E. WILDER, Agent, Louisville. KENTUCKY EATING HOUSE,

No. 503 Jefferson street, opposite Courthouse WARM MEALS AT ALL HOURS AT 25c PER MEAL. 五一年00日 B. A. WARNER, Proprietor, THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS LAFELY BEEN REfitted and anlarged in the most modern style. The
proprietor takes this wethod of informing his many
friends and patrons that on Thursday, August 7th, commences a regular dinner. Dinner hours from 12 M. to 3
au7

Private School for Boys. DR. H. MOORE,

THE CLASSICS, AN ELEMENTARY COURSE OF
Mathematics, and all the branches of an English
Education, thoroughly taught. Pupils under twelve
years are preferred. Dr. M. is forming a class of young
Ladies, limited in number, that will not require more
than two hours a day, r. M.

It is proposed to form a class for Young Men that
would like to renew their classical attainments for an
hour or two after tea. Corner of Tenth and Magnaine
streets. Terms made known on application to Dr. M.
fe8 d3wSun&Tu SPORTSMEN, ATTENTION.

A GREAT MATCH IN PIGEON SHOOTING WILL A take place on WEDNESDAY NEXT, at the Spring Garden. All lovers of this kind of sport are invited to attend. [1644] SCHLEIDER & RESCH. NOTICE,
WE, THE HACKMEN OF THE CITY OF LOUISnotice, we will charge three dollars for all funerals we
attend; provided that when we are engaged and get no
load, we will charge two dollars only.

Tel5 di2*

COMMITTEE. COMMITTEE. CHARLES H. MEYERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN TEAS AND COFFEE. FANCY GROCERIES, Foreign Liquors and Wines, Imported Cigars, Foreign Fruits, &c., &c., Third street, between Market and Jefferson streets,

fel3 dlm LOUISVILLE, KY. U. S. EXCISE TAX. ASSESSOR'S NOTICE. LICENSES.

N PURSUANCE OF INSTRUCTIONS RECEIVED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That hereafter, persons found doing business in the city of Louisville without a license, which business requires a license, in accordance with the provisions of the Exclse Tax Law, or in accordance with the decisions of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue under the law will be subject to the penalty as prescribed in section of the law. Neither the Assessor nor the Collector ca of the law. Netther the Assessor hot the College remit the penalty.

The Assistant Assessors may be found at the following places from 8 to 10 A. M.:

W. S. Davis, First Division, First and Tenth Wards.

Office south side Main, between Clay and Shelby streets.

F. D. Stone, Second and Third Divis'ons, Second and Third Wards. Office south side Main, between First and Brook treets,
Geo. C. Slaughter, Fourth Division, Fourth Ward.
Office 326 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth omice 220 Jenerson street, between Third and Fourth streets.

O. F. Miner, Fifth Divis'on, F fth Ward. Office 326 Jeffe son street, between Third and Fourth streets.

Marcelius Brown, Sixth Division, Sixth Ward. Office at trad chapin's, corner Market and Eighth Streets.

Columnus Chamberlin, Seventh and Eighth Divisions, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Wards. Office at Gad Chapin's, corner Market and Eighth streets, corner Market and Eighth streets, Fig. 12 Gad. NEEDHAM.

EIGHAM. SEEDHAM.

EIGHAM. Sees-or 3d Dis Ky.

[Journal, Anzelger and Volksblat copy.]

Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage.

Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage,
Louisville, Kr., February 13th, 1863.

By Direction of Capt. W. Jenkins, A. Q. M. and Chief Quartermaster, proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, February 21st, 1863, for the following and Cap. Paper;
1,000 reams Cap. Paper;
1,000 reams Letter Paper;
1,000 reams Note Paper;
1,000 official Envelopes;
390,000 Letter do;
390,000 Letter do;
300 bottles Black Ink, Quarts;
400 dozen bottles Black Ink, 2 ozs;
50 dozen bottles Black Ink, 2 ozs;
50 dozen bottles Black Ink, 2 ozs;
400 gross Steel Pens;
224 gross Pen-Folders;
400 gross Lead Pencils;
150 bs Sealing Wax;
800 Blank Books, each 2, 3 & 4 quires Cap Paper;
175 Memorand, Books;
70 dozen common Inkstand;
10 dozen Rulers;
Parties proposing will furnish samples, and state the time within which they can furnish the articles proposed for.
Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned.

me within which they can furnish the articles prosed for.
Proposals should be addressed to the undersigne arked on the envelope, "Proposals for Stationery."
feld dtd

A. A. HULLI, M. S. K. U. S. A. Auction and Commission Stable. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST OPEN-

SUNDRIES ON CONSIGNMENT. 100 boxes Cinchnati Starch;
75 do Mold Candles;
200 do Essence Coffee;
200 do Fancy Soap;
50 bbls No. 1 Lard Oi;
500 lbs Killickinick Smoking Tobacco;
95 boxes Union do 500 lbs Killickinick Smoking Tobacco;
25 boxes Union do do;
25 do Chewing Tobacco, assorted brands;
75 bbis Mess and Prime Beef;
100 bbis Cider Vinegar;
500 superior Canvased Hams;
Dried Fruit, Beans, Eggs, Butter, and Produce of all kinds constantly received and for sale low by
Produce and General Commission M-rchant,
fel5
312 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth,

Sundries. 500 BOXES UNCHEMICALED STARCH;
200 bbis Guy & Clark's XX Family Flour;
301 kees prime Leaf Lard;
200 boxes Stir Cardiles;
50 pkgs bright Fwist Tobacco, 18 to the lb;
200 boxes prime Navy Lbs, old stack;
50 cases & lb in caddles;
100 boxes Black 10's;
Green and Black Teas,
Consignments of the above in store and for sale by
MITCHELL & DEAN,
General Commission Merchants
fe12

3000 BUSHELS ORCHARD GRASS:
cleaned Bluegrass;
200 do
100 do
100 do
250,000 papers a sorted Gardez Seeds, crop
1802: in store and for sale by J. D. BONDURANT. BRANDY.—
10 % pipes Otard, Dupuy & Co. Brandy;
20 % do Cognine do;
10 % pipes A. Signette do;
10 % pipes La Rochelle do;
125 bbla New York do;
In store and for sale by fe8

MARSHALL HALBERT & CO. fe8

WHISKY.—
100 bbls extra Rectified Whisky;
50 do double extra Rectified Whisky;
50 do Copper Distilled do;
65 do time Old Rye do;
In store and for sale by MARSHALL HALBERT & CO;
68

100 BBL° CALCINE PLASTER; 100 bbis Cement or Water Lime; 50 do white Lime, fe8 dis2m J. D. BONDURANT, No. 322 Main st. THOMAS J. HUSBAND, mh7 deodly

100 White Lime.

100 White FLOUR.

1 500 bbls A No. 1 Family Flour, best brands;
10 store and for sale by
10 JOHN H. GRIPF

JUST OPENED AT

J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S. 100 PRINTED

JUST RECEIVED

NEW BALMORAL SKIRTS,

CHINTZES,

DELAINES,

TABLE LINENS, SHIRTING MUSLINS. Sheetings,

IRISH LINENS.

J. R. EMMIT & CO., Fourth street, bet. Market and Jefferson.

Black Delaines, BLACK BOMBAZINES,

Fourth street, bet. Market and Jefferson

At J. R. Emmit & Co.'s,

Heavy Plantation Twills, Plaid and Stripe Cottons,

> Twill Russia Linens, Osnaburgs,

PURE! CLEAN!

UNFERMENTED BREAD!

F. A. MOORE,

215 Fourth st., bet. Main & Market.

C. SCHULTESS, corner Fifth and Chestnut streets. A. G. PARMELE, northwest corner Seventh and WM. GAULBERT, southwest corner Seventh and

WM. CROW, corner Fifth and Walnut. MR. BREEN, corner Seventh and Walnut.
WEHMHOFF & WATERMAN, corner First and STOLEN---\$20 REWARD

STOLEN FROM THE SUBSCRIBER WHILST IN Madden's store, on Fourt's street, between Main and Market, about the 20th December, 1862, one large Pocket or Memorandum Book, containing a small amount of money, and a number of notes of hand, tax receipts, see bills and other papers. One of the notes is on H. Kirby, in favor of R. A. Lasely, one on Gregory Moore in favor of Geo. W. Jenkins, and others on a number of person, in my favor. Payment has been stopped on all the notes. I will give a reward of \$20 for the recovery of the book and papers, and no questions asked. Insver did assign a note that was drawn in my favor. C. Euler, on Market street, between Slath and Seventh will receive books, papers, &c., and ray reward.

Bardstown, Feb. 8, 1863. d f Bardstown, Feb. 8, 1863. d f

THE GREAT NATIONAL SONG AND CHORUS, THE AMERICAN FLAG."

By WILL S. HAYS, Author of Drummer Boy of Shiloh Price 25 cents, forwarded by mail D. P. FAULDS, 223 Main st... Retween Second and Third Whisky-Tobacco.

LINEN CAMBRIC DRESSES. At J. R. Emmit & Co.'s, el5 East side Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

At J. R. Emmit & Co.'s,

Ginghams,

AT J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S.

Shirt Fronts,

TOWELINGS.

BLACK SILKS,

Black Lustres,

NEGRO GOODS.

Blue Denims, Ripka Cottonades.

AT J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S Fourth street, bet. Market and Jefferson.

WHOLESOME!

Made without the use of any deleterious sub-

stance, and without the touch of human hands! FOR SALE BY

AGENTS.

C. H. BUSHMAN, corner First and Broadway. MRS. MILLER, Third street, near Chestnut. H. D. MATHIS, corner First and Walnut.

JUST PUBLISHED.

JOHN H. GRIFFITH. JOHN H GRIPPITH.

REG LARD-100 KEGS COUNTRY LARD JUST REfeld relief and for sale by HN H. GRIPPITH.

BURBON WHISKE:
S. N. Pike's celebrated Monongahela Whisky;
Common Rectified Whisky;
Different brands Tobacco; in store and for sale by
fel2.

Fourth St., bet. Market & Jefferson,

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that they have established

for the purpose of supplying the trade at the CINCIN-NATI prices in the States of KENTUCKY, TENNES.

PURE CATAWBA BRANDY.

All orders promptly attended to by

RAYMOND & TYLER. Sole Agents.

1 Lyon's Catawba Brandy for Messrs. G. Franchese randy for medicinal and other uses

rticle have the certificate of DR. HAYES, of Boston printed on them. None genuine without it.

NOTICE.—For Summer complaint in Children a cure is guaranteed, as it will effectually relieve that affliction, as also Diarrhea. It is prescribed by physicians in place of Paregoric, not having the deadening et of that medicine upon the brain. Dose for in fants a few weeks old is one teaspoonful, diluted with two tablespoonsful of water, and administered by the teaspoonful every 15 minutes until relief is effected,

DR. JOHN HARVEY, HAVING FOR UPWARDS of twenty years devoted his professional time exclusively to the treatment of Female Difficulties, and having succeeded in thousands of cases in restoring the afflicted to sound health, has now entire confidence in offering publicly his

"GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY". DR. HARVEY'S

rapitations, &c., &c., which are the forerunners of more scrious disease.

***Ba_Trees Pilis are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female
without causing distress; at the same time they act like
a charm by strengthening, invigorating, and restoring
the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on
the monthly period with regularity, no matter from
what cause the obstructions may arise. They should,
however, not be taken during the first three or four
mouths of pregnancy, though safe at any other time,
as miscarriage would be the result.

**Back Back Art New York Treat APSE ON DIGLAR.

**TOR HARVEY'S TREATHER ON DIFFACTS ON

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE ON DISEASES O Fomales, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction and Abises of Nature, and emphatically the Ladies' Private Medical Adviser, and emphatically the Ladies' Private Medical Adviser, a Pamphiet of to pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage.

The Pills and Book will be sent by mail when desired, securely sealed, and prepaid, by J. BRYAN, General Agent, 76 Cedar st., New York Or any advertised agent, on receipt of the money. Sold by all Druggists.

BAYMOND & TYLER.

BAYMOND & TYLER,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
Louisville, Ky. W. B. BELKNAP & CO.,

HAVE IN STORE

3,000 kegs Naiis and Spikes, Cut and Wrought, all s

1000 kegs Horse and Mule Shoes, 7000 pounds Horse and Mule Nails

Anviis, Bellows, Vises, Files, Rasps, &c. Piowmakers' Materials, Mould-Boards, Wings, Handles, Bolts, &c Springs and Axles, Hollow-ware Castings, Ovens, Skillets and Lids, Sugar K tiles, &c. Fairbanks' Scales, m. Hay, Coa', Stock, and Scale Beams Manilla Cordage,

Block Tin, Lead and Spelter. All of which we offer at small advance on manuers' prices.

OLD METALS,

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE U. S. COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, Louisville, Ky., February 13, 1863. S

EALED PROPOSALS MADE BY FIRST HANDS

will be received at this office un il 11 o clock A.M., on Thursday, the 24 h of February, 1863, for furnishing the following subsist nce suppl ea, viz: 375,000 pounds hest quality New Clear Bacon or Ribbed Ba on Sides, packed in Tierces to contain 300 pour ds net each.
500,00) pounds hest quality New Bacon Shoulders, packed in Tierces to contain 300 pounds net each, 4.000 bushels best quality new White Reans, well

esignate.
Pa ments will be made in such funds as may be fursisted by the Government.
Bidders or duly authorized sgentv must be present at be announcement of the awards, or their names will be fricken from the lit.
The specifications of this advertisement must be trickly complied with.
The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all ids for proper cause.

H. C. SYMONOS.

H. C SYMONDS, Capt. and Commissary of Subsistence

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL. On Jefferson, bet. First and Second sts.,

(Having been thoroughly overhaule i and refitted), Balls, Parties, Public Meetings, &c.

For terms see JOHN B. HINKLE, at the Hall.

RIES

Brown's Tricopherous:

Brown's Troches;

Spaulding's Glue;

Wood's Hair Restorative

Radway's Relief;

Brandreth's Pills;

Mustang Liniment;

10 BALES GUM ARABIC SORTS, FOR SALE BY EDW. WILDER, 200 CASES CONCENTRATED LYE FOR SAILE BY EDW. WILDER, "51 Man street.

100 GRO. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIPUGE FOR EDW. WILDER

TELEGRAPHIC.

BY L. KAHN & CO.,

Official Report of Lieutenant Blake

Osnaburgs. Tickings, a large line of Suspenders, Shirts and Drawers, Neck Ties, Linen and Cotton Handker-chiefs, Nose, and Half-Hose, with a regular line of Notions, &c.
We invite the trade to this important sale. Goods XXXVIIth Congress-Second Session

In Chancery No.

P VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE
Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the
undersigned, or one of us, will, on
hout the hour of 10 o'clock a. M., sell at public auction
to the highest bidder on the premises, on the north side
of Broadway, between Preston and Jackson streets, in
the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4 months, a lot of
Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Carpets,
Beds, Bedding, Tubles, Chairs, Bureau', Kitchen Safe,
&c., &c.

great confusion.

At 4:30 the Senate took a recess until 7 o'clock.

· HOUSE. Mr. STEVENS offered a resolution, which, after being amended, was adopted, that after to-day the House will take a recess from half past four to seven o'clock, unless otherwise

The House then resumed consideration of the Louisiana election case. INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 16.

The resolutions against the employment of negro regiments are still pending in the Sen-te, and will pass if the minority do not leave

teet the liberty of the citizen, the report of the committee on arbitrary arrests, and in fact all the measures demanded by the times, are yet to be acted upon.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16. The President's message, with the accom-

The Secretary of the Interior thinks the The Secretary of the Interior thinks the Chiefs are the immediate cause of the unfortunate affair, in which a few reckless young Indians became involved through the use of spirituous liquors, and which occurred at a time when their minds were inflamed by accounts given by reckless or malicious persons of the United States, affirming that the Government was broken up, and their annuities would not be paid, and they must take care of themselves. This excitement, added to disaffection, and having rarted with their leader. fection, and having parted with their lands, evidently led them to attempt to repossess their hunting grounds. Threatened difficulties with Chippewas, Pillager and Winnebago Indians, happily arrested farther proceedings, and the quarrel was personal between agent and the principal Chief of the Mississippi bands.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 16. Yesterday a foraging party of the 21 Minne-sota regiment, of Steadman's brigade, camped near Nolinsville. They had a seyere skirmish

An enormous quantity of coal has arrived. Five barges were loaded for the Government. consigned to one house, Conrad, Franklin & Co., 100,000 bushels.

The cars on the Louisville and Nashville ad are running regularly on time. NEW YORK, Feb. 16.

Mew York, Feb. 16.

Gen. Sherman arrived at Washington yesterday from Vicksburg.

An officer from Grant's army, reports our forces in full strength around Vicksburg, and the work on the canal making satisfactory headway. The new channel has six feet of water, and the current rapidly increasing.

A refugee from Arkansas states that three hundred jayhawkers, who defy the rebel conscript law, were in the mountains of Clarke county, while thousands more ware in Mongomery county, openly delying the rebels. They are supplied with powder and lead by one of their number, formerly in the rebel ordnance service.

Sin — It is my painful duty to inform your Department of the destruction of the United States steamer Hatteras, recently under my command, by the rebel steamer Alabama, on the night of the 11th inst., off coast of Texas, under the following circumstances: On the evening of the 11th inst., at 3:30 o'clock, while at anchor in company with the fleet, with Commander Bell, of Galveston, I was ordered by signal from flagship Brooklyn, to chase a sail to southward of eastward. I got under way, and steamed with all speed in the direction indicated. After some time a strange sail could be seen from the Hatteras, and was ascertained to be a steamer, which fact I comascertained to be a steamer, which fact I com-municated to the flagship by signal. I contin-ued the chase, rapidly gaining on the suspi-cious vessel. When within about four miles cious yessel. When within about four mile of the yessel, I observed she had ceased t steam, and was lying broadside, and awaiting us. Although it was quite dark, and nearly SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

Mr. ANTHONY moved to amend the bill so that appointments shall be made with reference to merits and qualifications, to be ascertained by examination of candidates. Retained by examination of candidates. At the expiration of the morning hour, the bill end of the United States.

Mr. WILSON, of Mass., said he simply proposed to explain the bill and resolution which were introduced. We were now engaged in a gigantic struggle for the preservation of national life; and for twenty months we had been sending the young men of the country into the field. Those regiments suffered much from battle and disease, until now many of the old regiments numbered no more than four hundred. We were told by the leaders of the rebellion that they were fighting for independence, and that they would make no compromise—therefore the folly of talking of peace and compromise was comprehended by all loyal men. All such talk is little better than treason. This battle was to be fought out to the end, and he wanted it so fought as to crush out rebellion, and restore the nation. He assumed that it was the duty of every good either to do his utmost to preserve the mation. He assumed that it was the duty of every good either to do his utmost to preserve the mation. He assumed that it was the duty of every good either as a volunteer or by dard. It execution. He hoped to make the duty of congress among the persons exempted from the provisions of the bill.

Mr. COWAN moved to insert members of Congress among the persons exempted from the provisions of the bill.

Mr. DOOLITTLE thought the amendment would not be adopted.

Mr. DOOLITTLE thought the amendment would not be of the presence of the country would not be 3 of much practical yatue, for the would not be 3 of much practical yatue, for the would not be 3 of much practical yatue, for the sound not be adopted. Mr. WILSON hoped the amendment would not be adopted.

Mr. DOOLITTLE thought the amendment would not be of much practical value, for the bill only included persons under forty-five, and scarcely any Senator would be included.

Mr. COLLAMER offered an amendment requiring the President, under the late call proposed in the bill, to take into account the number of men any State has furnished, and make apportionment among the States accordingly.

fired.

The Alabama then asked if assistance was desired, to which an affirmative answer was given. The Hatteras was now going down, and in order to save the lives of my officers and men, I caused the armament on the port side to be thrown overboard.

After considerable delay, caused by the report that a steamer was seen coming from Galvestor, the Alabama sent us assistance; and I have the pleasure of informing the Department that every living being was conveyed safely from the Hatteras to the Alabama.

to the Alabama. Ten minutes after leaving the Hatteras, she went down bow first, with her penant at her mast-head, with all her muskets and stores of every character—the enemy not being able, owing to her rapid sinking, to obtain a single weapon.

weapon.

The battery upon the Alabama brought into action against the Hatteras numbered seven guns. For the character of the contest, and amount of damage done to the Alabama, I have personally no reason to believe that any officer failed in his duty. To the men of the Hatteras I cannot give too much praise. Their enthusiasm and bravery were of the highest order.

I enclose the report of the Assistant Surgeon, by which you will observe that five men were wounded and two killed.

I am, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
R. C. BLAKE, Lt. Commandin To Hon. GIDEON WELLS, Sec'y of the Navy

The President's message, with the accompanying statements of the officers of the interior Department in response to a House resolution of December last, inquiring into the causes of the outbreak of the Indian tribes of the northwest, gives no ad-quate cause for mischief and outrages of such magoitade. Evidences of a premeditated design in their attacks is not satisfactory. The Sloux brooded over and complained of a misunderstanding in treaty stipulations, but their agent, Mr. Galbraith, had apprehended no unusual difficulty. Up to the time of the outbreak, they appeared to co-operate cordially in the preparations made for their civilization and material advancement. Messengers had been sent to other tribes—even to Selkirk settlement—to announce their declaration of war, and to demand their assistance, but there was no evidence of a reasonable ground for such expectations.

The Secretary of the Interior thicks the Harrisnurge Feb 16. blockading fleet off Charleston. Officers commanding various vessels of the blockading fleet make the following statement: We deem it our duty to say that the results, as published in the Charleston papers, are false in every particular. No vessels alone were isjured, the Mercedita and Keystone. They also state that after the firing ended, the blockade continued as before, and no vessel ran in or out the portional that day, nor was any attempt made to run the blockade. These are the facts; and we do not hesitste to state that no vessel did come out beyond the bar after the return of the rams, between 7 and 8 A. M., to the cover of the forts.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 16. The assertion that Gov. Curtin is concerned reckless young in arrangements for the formation of a new party is entirely without foundation. Daring his visit to Washington he had no conversation with Mr. Seward or any other person on such a subject

BALTIMORE, Feb 16 The 3 o'clock express train from this city to Washington came in collision with the loco-motive of a mnd train on the track near An-napolis Janction. The locomotives were much damaged, but no one hurt.

BOSTON, Feb. 16. There was a large attendance of newspaper Intere was a large attendance of newspaper proprietors and book publishers before the Legislative Committee on Federal Relations to-day, to urge the importance of meo.orializing Congress for relief against paper-makers' meanonale.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Feb. 16, 1863. Prayer by the Rev. John N. Norton, of the piscopal Church.

The journal of yesterday was read by the A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. Lyng, Assistant Clerk, announcing the passage of several bills which originated in that House, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate. RESOLUTION.

Mr. McHENRY offered the following resortion, which was adopted, viz: Resolved. That the committee on Finance be directed to inquire into and report what legislation is necessary to relieve the sheriffs of this Commonwealth, who failed to collect the military tax for 1862 on account of their failure to get the law levying said tax. ing said tax.

LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS. LEAVE TO BRING IN MILLS.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, viz: Mr. DUKE—For the protection of sheriffs and other collecting officers of this State.

Mr. GARDNER—Fo authorize the county court of Union county to hold a court of assessment and claims for 1862.

Mr. MILLER—For the relief of Ministers of the Gospel and Justices of the Peace who were ignorant of the law of August 31, 1862, who have solemnized marriage in violation of that law.

Mr. BUSH-To regulate the fees of quar terly judges in this Commonwealth.

Mr. GILLIS—Providing for the payment of claims against the State in Whitley county. ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A number of House bills in the orders of the day were read and referred to appropriate H. R. BILLS PASSED

For the benefit of W. M. Green. For safe keeping of prisoners in Monro Younty.

To put into immediate effect the act to give one month's pay in advance to nine months. APPORTIONMENT BILL.

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Mr. LYNE, Assistant Clerk, announcing the disagreement of that House to the substitute of the Senate to the House bill laying off the State into nine Congressional districts.

append, READ, and Mr. Speaker (Flok) adocated the pressure of the bill, and Measure to Henry, BUSH, GROVER, T. F. MAR SHALL, and BRUNER, opposed it.
Mr. BRUNER moved that the bill and amendments be laid on the table: negatived,

by yeas, 16; nays, 16.
Mr. SPEED'S amendments were adopted.
Mr. GROVER offered an amendment to the econd section, to strike out a retroactive lause: adopted. The bill was then rejected, by yeas, 12; nays,

Mr. McHENTY moved a reconsideration of the vote rejecting the bil.

Mr. GOODLOE moved that the motion to reconsider be laid on the table: carried, by yeas, 18, nays, 14.

CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT BILL. The House having diagreed to the Senate's substitute to the Congressio III of the House, Mr. BRUNER moved that a committee of conference be asked for by the Senate; car

Mesers BRUNER, T.F. MARSHALL, and RHEA, were appointed the committee on the part of the Senate to enfer with such committee as may be appointed by the House of HOUE. Prayer by the Rev. JMES M. LANCASTER,

The reading of the journal of Saturday was LEAVE OF ARSENCE Was granted, indefinitely to Mr. BARNES.

of the Catholic Church.

UNPINISHED SUSINESS. Being the resoluti ns o provide for raising Being the resolutions of provide for raising five millions of dollars to arm and equip State troops, together with everal amendments: postponed until Friday nxt, and made special order for II o'clock, A. X., of that day.

Also, the motion to reconsider the vote adopting resolutions for the conference of certain States: postponed or the present.

APPORTIONMET BILL. Mr. BELL moved that he House take up the bill to lay the off the tate into nine Con-gressional districts, which passed the Senate with an amendment: adoped, and the House refused to concur in the mendment of the RESOLUTIOS.

Mr. CONKLIN offered thefollowing resolutions, which were referred the committee on Federal Relations, viz:

Whereas, we have seen with pofound regret and astonishment that a bill has passed the lower house of Congress, proposing to raisehree hundred regiments of African slaves, to benustered into the service as soldiers, and become te companions in arms of our brave soldiers now ithe field. Therefore.

fore, Resolved, That in the opinion of the General As sembly of the Commonwealth of Centucky, such an act would be degrading to the nation—an insult to our brave soldiers—calcuted to charge the character of the war from that of suppressing the rebellion and enforcing the law, as originally avowed, to a service war—a war of rapine and nurder.

Résolved, That we condemn it as l-advised and npolitic as a war measure, and is a measure aught with such atrocities as civilization consemns and revolts at.

SPECIAL ORDER FOR 11 O'COCK. Being the resolutions off-red by the majority and minority of the committe on Federal Relations, together with the sustitute for the report of the majority offered by Mr. J. W. ANDERSON. Mr. TEVIS beng in the Considerable discussion arose

which Messrs. PROCTOR and HEADY took Before Mr. HEADY concluded his emarks, Mr. BURNAM moved that the committee rise, report progress, and ask leave to it again to morrow at 11 o'clock, A. M. The committee then rose, reported progress and had leave to sit again. SONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

A message was received from the Senate by Mr. BRUNER, announcing the appointment of a committee of conference on the apportionment bill, and asking a like committee or the part of the House.

On motion of Mr. BURNAM the Speaker was requested to appoint a like committee on the part of the House. SENATE BILLS

On the clerk's table were taken up and approprintely referred.

And then the House adjourned.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was still rising last evening, with ten

were the arrivals and departures. The Melnotte, Saturday evening, in trying to

steer clear of coal boats at the lower levee, got out too far and lodged on the rocks; but she succeeded yesterday in effecting her release, and left for Cincinnati. A little stern-wheeler, called the Victor, arrived from Cincinnati. She is on her way to the St. Francis river, up which she intends to make a push, if possible, in the hope of finding cotton to bring out. Rather a risky business we should We regret to announce the death in this city

Sunday, of Capt. Ferguson, who was one of the parties in the late purchase of the Tycoon. The Big Gray Eagle arrived irom Henderson with a huge trip of passengers and freight. She had 210 passengers in the cabin. The little Storm came up over the falls from some point below with

a barge in tow. Advices from Pittsburg, dated Sunday, state that two towboats and fifteen barges have left for this city with 165,000 bushels coal, and four pairs of ting boats with 168,000 bushels for Memphis.

The Nashville Union of Sunday says:

The river is still rising at this place. There is about seven feet and a haif on Harpeth Shoals. From present indications, it will not be long before there is enough water in the Camberland for the arrest boats. The N. O. True Delta of January 31st has the fol-

Ing:

SINKING OF THE GGNERAL WILLIAMS.—Yesterday, as the steamer General Williams was about to make a landing at Fort St. Leon, opposite the English Turn, sne struck a snag and immediately began to sink. The Captain, J. D. Walker, with great presence of mind, took the necessary steps for the safety of the paseengers, among whom were several ladies and children, and succeeded in placing them ashore. He subsequently, with the assistance of the gentlemen passengers, proceeded to land the whole of the cargo, in which he was fully successful. FOR CINCINNATI-The Major Anderson is th

nail-boat at noon to-day. HENDERSON-The Big Gray Eagle is the regula Tuesday packet, leaving at 5 P. M.

IMPORTANT DECISION UNDER THE TAX LAW - STEAM-BOAT OWNERS AND ENGINE BUILDERS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
January 10, 1863.

January 10, 1863.

To Charles R. Fosdick, Assessor, 1st District, Circinnati, Ohio:

Sir: Your letter of the fith instant, relating to the method of taxing marine engines, has been received. In answer thereto, I would say that a marine engine which is built into, and forms a part of, a steamboat, steamship, or other vessel propelled by steam, is not regarded as a manufacture and, therefore, is not subject to tax under the Excise Law. Yet, articles may be used in the structure thereof, which, having a distinct commercial character, are in themselves manufactures, and should be assessed as such.

If the builder of a marine engine is himself the manufacturer of an article used in the structure of the engine—as, for instance a steam-pump or copper pipe, he becomes liable, as a manufacturer, to pay the tax on such article whenever it is removed for sale or consumption.

Very respectfully. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Commission TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
February 10, 1863. To Charles R. Fosdick, Assessor, 1st District, Cincinnati, Ohio:

cinata, OAio:

Sir: Herewith please find decision in relation to returns by owners of steamboats:

Any person or persons, firms, companies or corporations, owning or possessing, or having the care or managenent of any steam vessel, for the transportation of passengers, shall include in the returns of thegross amount of receipts, as required by section 5, all sums received for lodging, including the sums received for the use of berths and staterooms, is essential to the transportation of passengers.

issengers, when according to the custom of any such eam vessel, the expenses of board or other items e included in the charges made for transportant, the tasessor of the district shall make the oper assessment and allowance therefor. Very respectfully, Geo. S. BOUTWELL, Commi GO TO

BLAND & ELLIOTT'S. For Fine Groceries. Corner of Fifth and Market streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY. SUNDRIES. COAL OIL: LUBRICATING OIL;

W. J. HUCHES & CO.,

[Extract from a Letter on the Battle Field.] This battle (Anticiam) has been the most sanguinary of the war, and the only one fought with visible design and upon military principles. The arrangement of our corps—the overlooking position of the commanding General—the sending into action the right and the left divisions—the closing up of the center and final success—excites bewildering admiration, and carries the mind to the great fields of Austerlitz and Wagram, fought by Napoleon.

It is a to suppose premium for Gold. See table for uncurrent funds. As the propositify increases of the passage of the Government Stock Bairk project, by which a long delay of specie payments on the Government currency is invitable, the notes of such banks as have been prubatively mandged are sought for. From the probability that these banks will some time or other pay specie, the notes of the Bank of the State of Indiana are now quoted to 10c premum—very little in circulation; and the best of Tancasea are taken by some bankers at par.

Flour and Grain—Flour—sales moderate, and we quote as yesterday at \$1.25@1.30 for red and white. Austerlitz and Wagram, fought by Napoleon.

Of all this have I spoken. The heart history of such a conflict, purchased by the life and blood of twenty thousand men, must be found.

We quote as yesterday at \$1.25 and language at \$6.25. Wheat we quote as yesterday at \$1.25 and language at \$6.25 and language a in the hospitals. War has its glories-but it has its ten thousand demons in these human lake. Molasses 650, and Baltimore Golden Syrup at 75c tortures, that make the eye-balls aghe—the per callon. Coffee firm at %c for Ric. heart bleed-the lips palsy, and the brain reel. The sight is at first positively unendurable. The life-blood of some is still trickling away in silent calmness—while the dissevered limbs

saving the lives of our soldiers, is a national at \$20; 1 at \$20; 3 at \$28; 3 at \$28; 23 75, and 1 at \$30 per 100 ns from this article.

Jefferson Davis recently applied to the propri- rate were small. etors for the privilege to make it for hospital purposes during the war, to which they made the following reply:

New York, Jan. 16, 1862. Mr. —, Agent of, etc:

DEAR SIR: In reply to your communication offering us "Fifty thousand dollars for the recipe and right to make the Plantation Bitters for your hospital purposes during the war," we beg to say your price is a liberal one, considering it would east us nothing to comply though it might please us to assuage the sufferings of your misguided followers.

We remain,

Very respectfully yours,

P. H. DRAKE, & Co.

These gentlemen give the history of certain ingredients of their article for over two hundred years-showing that through all changes of the medical profession and its practitioners, strength, composure, and cheerfulness have feet four inches water in the caual, eight feet four in the chute, and seven four on the rocks. The in the Washington hospitals informed me to Muscovado; 431 boxes Havana at 9%@12%c. Moweather since Sunday morning has been delight that one patient was fast sinking and crazy, lasses in moderate demand; sales 100 bbls common new weather since Sunday morning has been dengatefully clear—too pleasant to last.

Very little business was done yesterday at the city wharf. The General Buell, Cincinnati; Tom Jones, Cairo to Pittsburg; Prairie Rose, from Nashum and Lagrange of the Cincinnati: Victor, from Cinsular Malnotte to Cincinnati Malnotte to Cinci invaluable article in all our hospitals. The to take," and affords more energy and life than anything I ever trie 1. Success to the Plantation Bitters

But I have digressed. In my next I shall speak of gathering in the wounded, burying the dead, &c. NICODEMUS. de28 deod2m&w1

S-T-1860-X.

brain. It destroys acidity of the stomach, creates an appetite, and strengthens the system. It is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhea, Liver Complaint, and Nervous Headache, and prevents Miasmatic disease from change of diet, water, &c. It can be used at all times of day by old or young, and is particularly recommended to weak and delicate persons. Sold by all Grocers, & Co., 202 Broadway, New York.

SEWING MACHINES.

& NOISELESS Family SEWING

Machines

GROVER of each stitch, and be BAKER'S uaranteed ultimate LOCK-STITCH faction, by our privi- Family

SEWING MACHINES, \$50. Our No. 9 Machine is a mirably adapted & BAKER'S nts of all manufacture

, and a great favori

GROVER

wherever introduced.

No. 9 SEWING MACHINE. \$45.

ture a large variety of styles BAKER'S of each stitch, and adapted Sewing Machine DEPOT. No. 5 Masonic Temple,

FINANCE AND TRADE OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DRAWCHAT,

Gold and Sliver are still unsettled, with light transactions at 58@600 premium for Gold. See table for uncur-GROCKRIES—We note sales of New Orleans Sugar resterday at 13% o P h; Coffee Sugar at 16c, and Gru hed at

HAY-Timothy baled \$15@15 50 per ton. Burres-Roll in barrels in demand at 18@20c. Very ittle in market, and that inferior.

FLAX-SEED—In demand at \$2 per bushel.

WHISKT—Sales 77 bbls at \$70.

Boranon WHISKY—At this point this article is a prominent one. The high prices of all foreign liquors, and the increasing reputation of this, creates a demand in all parts of the United States. The price depends on

FEATHERS-Sales at 38@40c. TOBACCO-Sales to day of 174 hhds as foilows: 5 at

BANK NOTE LIST.

Tressury Notes and Chilo. Kentucky money 6@10 per cent. premium, and Indiana 4@6 per cent. premium. Except—Farmers' Bank... Union Bank

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

appetite, disordered liver, intermittent fevers, stomachic difficulties, &c. I understand it was somewhat known in the Southern States previous to the war and it appears an agent of with more sellers than buyers, at 53c; the sales at this

Mess Pork unchanged-held at \$14 50. Moderate de mand for bulk meats; sales of 100,000 ms Shoulders at 4%c; 90,000 ms Sides at 6c, and 900 boxe Middles at 6%@ 6%c for rib and 7%c for clear do. There is an active demand for Lard, and rates are %c higher: sales of 1900 tierces at 9%@9%c for country and 10c for city; c osing buoyant; 300 tierces head Lard sold at 9c. Groceries No change in Gold or Demand Notes. Exchange firm at % premium .

Cotton dull and lower, sales at 90@91c for Middling Uplands. Flour fully 5c better and decidedly more active, the advance in gold having a favorable effect; sales at \$7 65@7 75 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market clos ng firm, with no sellers at the inside quotations. Whisky continues irregular and unsettled at 54@566 Wheat 1@2c better; Chicago Spring \$1 38@1 57; Mil-waukee Club \$1 58@1 65; amber Iowa \$1 66@1 69; winter

red Western \$1 55@1 71; amber Michigan \$1 71@1 74%; extra choice do \$1 78; Southern red Illinois \$1 66; white Kentucky \$2. Corn more active and firmer, sales at 93 @94c for sound mixed western in store and delivered; 80@93c for unsound. Oats decided y more active and firmer at 74@77c. rmer at 74@77c.

Coffee quiet; sales of 750 bags Rio at 32@33c. Suzar
ull sales of 103 hhds at 11@11½c for New Orleans; 10%c

steam to arrive at 11%c and 200 bbis to be delivered in April and May at 11%c.

Money rules easy at 6@6% on call. Sterling exchain

declining to 53%, and closing firm at 57%@5 From the New Orleans Delta of January 30th.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

NEW URLEANS MARKETS.

Cotton—Sales to-day of about 50 bal's middling at 60c per B. Most of the receipts are for export direct. Sales during the last three days 460 bales.

Sugar—Light stock and sales of 400 hhds, in several lots, at about previous prices. Good common to fair 7½c, good fair, 8½c, and yellow clarified new crop 9½c, and strictly prime old crop 9½ cpc. Molsses—Sales embraced 100 ptb.

Molsses—Sales embraced 100 ptb.

30c for dark common and 31@32 and 33 for ordinary good and prime new crop. and prime new crop.

Pork—A lot of 50 bbls even weight mess sold at \$13.75 er bbl.

Beef—we notice the sale of 56 half bbls Fulton Market it \$10.

Starch—300 boxes starch sold at 540.

at \$10.

Starch—300 boxes starch sold at 6%c.

Oats—100 : acks sold in two lots at 85c per bushel.

Coru the sales comprise 1300 sacks yellow at \$1 10 and 400 do white in lots at \$1 30 per bushel.

Coffee - Sales of Rio at 35 29 h.

Flour—Small sales to the city trade at \$9 50@10 per bbl for superfine, and \$10@10 50 and \$11 for extra.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

PER STEAMER ASIA. LIVERPOOL, Jan. 28, (via Queenstown 1st.) Cotton firmer; all qualities slightly higher, in some ases %d. Flour still declining. Wheat dull and 1d ower. Corn flat. Provisions quiet and steady. Conso's closed at 92%@92%. E.ie shares 46@46%, llinois Central 9916440.

Paris, January 31. The bourse is inanimate at 69f. London, January 31. The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased

The sales of cotton for the week were 24,500 bales; the prices declined %@1d, the market closing heavy on all descriptions. Breadstuffs heavy. Flour heavy, and 6d lower, being held at 26@27s. Wheat in active demand, with sales Western red at 9s 9d@9s 10d; Southern 9s 10d@ 10s; white Western 10s@11s, and white Southern 11s@12s. Corn easier, with sales mixed at 298@298 6J, and white at 308 6d@328. Beef declining. Pork quiet and steady-Bacon is active and Is lower. Lard firm. Coffee firm.

COAL! W. L. MURPHY,

An experienced Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Mines known as the "HYATT & HORNOR" MINES.

K EEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE SUPply, and will take pleasure in filling orders by rail toad, to country wag.ns, and to clitizens of Louisvillo at hort notice, at the lowest market price.

A large fot of good Pittsburg Coal in yard and beached boat which he will retail at 18c per bushel. Office-Third street, between Main and Market, east side.

MOORE'S CELEBRATED KILLICKINICK TOBACCO.

S. B. McGILL, 307 Green street.

For Sale Cheap. A SMALL FARM, SIX MILES FROM THE city, on a good turnpite road, well improved and land good. Inquire of

ROM CAMP. NEAR "CAVE HILL."
about the 27th of last month (January),
a black HORSE, about 15% hands high, be
tween 6 and 7 years old, heavy mane and
tail, and in good order. For his recovery and return to
the Chief of Police, a liberal reward will be given.
LEWIS BROOKS.
fel5 d3
(Charge Journal.)

JANUARY, 1863. ETNA

Treasury Notes, and Certificates of btednes, on hand and deposited on 963,801 0 ndiana w Bonds, New York, Brooklyn, Hartford, tochester, Jersey, Milwaukee, ilroad Stocks, Hartford and New Haven, Jonn, River, and Boston and Worcester, ortgage Bonds. 237,160 60

uly sworn to, Hartford, January 1, 1863. Re-pectfully solicit, and will take pleasure in attending to your insurance wants.

WM. PRATHER, Agent,

A Depot in Louisville, Kentucky,

No.74 Fourth st., opposite the National Hotel. SEASONABLE DRY GOODS, HOOP-SKIRTS, CARPET of the city of New York, from samples taken by reselves of 357 cases, and have found it to be a per On TUESDAY MORNING, FIBRUARY 17th, AT 10 o'clock, we will sell at auction-rooms, some fectly pure article without any foreign admixture. We 500 LOTS OF ASSORTED DRY GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS. therefore have no hesitation in recommending it to the ublic as fulfilling all the requirements of a pure

"JAMES R. CHILTON & CO., "Analytical Chemists. To prevent imposition, the labels on the genu

LYONS & JACOB, Proprietors.

ocll d2aw&weowins6m IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.

Chrono-Thermal Female Pills, Which have never yet failed (when the directions habeen strictly followed) in removing difficulties arising from OBSTRUCTON OR STOPPAGE OF NATURE. Or in restoring the system to perfect health, when suf-fering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weaknesses of the Uterine Organs. Also, in all cases of Debility or Nervous Prostrations, Hysterics, Palpitations, &c., &c., which are the fore-runners of more serious disease.

IRON MERCHANTS, CORNER OF THIRD AND MAIN STREETS, Made of best Charcoal and Stonecoal stock.

Blacksmiths' Tools,

uitable for boats, halters, &c. Also a lot of second hand Lines, cheap.

as Iron, Copper and Brass, for which we pay narket price. fe7 d2awTu&Sat6mins

Paren s or Guardians, each....... Children and Servants..... hels best quality new White Beans, well soned, dry and clean, in good, bright, well-pered barrels, full head lined (62 lbs to the 4.09 bushels best quanty new white Beans, wellseasoned dry and clean, in good, bright, wellcoopered barrels, full head lined (62 lbs to the
bushel).

2.09 bushels best quality Split Peas, in good, strong,
well-coopered barrels, full head lined.

150,000 pounds prime Rice, in clean, good barrels, full
hrad lined.

50,000 pounds Poasted Coffee, in double sacks,
600,000 pounds Boasted Coffee, in double sacks,
600,000 pounds Boasted Coffee, in double sacks,
600,000 pounds Boasted Coffee, in double sacks,
10,000 gallons good Vinegar of sufficient strength to
nestralize 28 grains of bicarbonate of soda to
one fluid ounce.

10,000 pounds good bard Soap,
10,000 pounds good bard Soap,
10,000 pounds good bard Soap,
10,000 pounds good whisky (copper distilled).
The above to be delivered free of all charges at the
Commissary Storehouse in Louisville, Ky, on or before
the 20th of March, 1853.

No allowance will be made for packages, which must
per pattern to be seen at this office.

Actual tare will be deducted for all descriptions of
packages.
Proposal: must be made on the blanks farnished at Doors open at ¼ to 2 o'clock. Panorama will commence moving at ¼ to 3 o'clock. MORNINGSTAR'S

EVERY EVENING! Actual tare will be accounted for all descriptions of packages.

Proposal: must be made on the blanks farnished at this office, and for each article they must be on separate sheets

Samples of all a ticles except meats must accompany proposals and be carefully marked with the name of the bidder; a.d should any party, to whom a contract is awarded under this advertisement fail to comply with it requirements, no bid thereafter will be received from such party.

All goods are to be reclived subjet to the inspect on of such person as the Commissary of Subsistence shall designate. DANCING SCHOOL

THE UNDERSIGNED MOST REspectfully informs the cit zens of Louisspectfully informs the cit zens of Louisvile that he has op-ned a DANCI+ of
Y-HOOL for children in 0.66 Fellows'
K-Li, and will give saons in all ancient
and inodern dances, on wednesday and Baturday atternoons, to classes, beginning at 2 o'clock.
Special lessons to ladies or gentlemen from 6 to 8 INSURANCE COMPANY,

HARTFORD, CONN. ASSETS, JANUARY, 1863.

e, unincumbered .\$2 683,110 59

PUBLIC SALES, Large Important Austion Sale

404 MAIN STREET.

ON WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 187H. 1863, WE WILL

sell a fine stock of superior goods, consisting as follows: New invoices of Cloths, Cassimeres and Sati-

nets, Cottonades, Corsets, Jeans, Brown and Bleached Domestics of the best brands, a large line of Pricts best make, with a line of Checks, Ginghams, Brilliantines,

soli without reserve. Lots put up to suit purchaser
Terms eash.
L. KAHN & CO.

Marshal's Sale.

chaser will be required to give bond with ap-curity, bearing interest from date until paid. THOMAS A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. N. BEALL GANIT, Deputy.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

REGULAR WEEKLY CASH SALE OF

BAGS AND SOFT WOOL HATE,

Hosiery, Tapestry and Water-roof Carpet Bags, Men's and Boys' Fine Black Soft Hats,

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SHOE BUYERS.

As Agents for the Manuafacurers, at Private Sale, we are in receipt of some 300 DASES Ladies', Misses' and Children's first-class Boots Shoes and Balmorals, and Gent.', Boys', Youths', andChildren's Caff and Kip Boots, all 'r sh and desirable zods, to which we would call the special attention of cit retailers and country buyers.

BY C. C. SIENCER. RETAIL GROCERY STOCK, MACKEREL, CIGARS SOAP, OLD EQUEBON WISKY, SPICES AND

SUNDRIES, ATAUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17TH, AT 11 o'clock, will be sold it auction rooms No. 520

II o'clock, will be sold it auction rooms No. 2s in street, the remaining stock of a Retail Grocery asisting of such articles as are usually kept in a groy store, inc uding Show Case, and Tea Canisters, teich will be added a lot of frime Mackerel in half-bar s, choice Cigars, Old Boubon Whisky, Spices, and her articles in the grocery ine, to which the attention

BY T. ANDERSON & CO.

SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES,

ON TUESDAY, February 17th, commencing at clock, when will be offered about 400 cases desirab

ON THURSDAY, FIB. 19TH,

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

At 12 o'clock.

Also, involces of fine WOOL HAT?; Men's and Boys

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATER,

Corner of Fourth and Green streets.

Second night of the Re-engag ment of the great Traic Actress, Mrs. EMMA WALLER, who will appear in her thriling character of the Duchess o Mail, supported by the eminent American Trage dian, Mr. Waller

Eighth appearance of the Champion Skater of the world, Mr. M. H. FULLER.

THIS EVENING, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17TH, 1861

53 Tickets to be had at the following Hotels and Saloons—Galt House, Louisville Hotel, National Hotel, United States Hotel, Walker's Exchange, St. Charles, Grystat Palace, Pearl, Phoenix, Antelope, United States Hotel Bar.

Physical Boxes E. Dress Circle and Parquette 75c.

Second Ther 25c. Gallery 15c. Colored Boxes 25c.

Second Ther 25c. Gallery 15c. Colored Boxes 25c.

For particulars, see small bills.

MOZART HALL.

Northeast corner Jefferson and Fourth streets

For 2 Nights More.

WOOD'S

MIRROR OF THE WORLD

THIS BEAUTIFUL PANORANA WHICH CONTAINS over 20,000 feet of Canvass, will be exhibited

On Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

February 16 and 17, 1863.

Single tickets 50c; Ticket admitting Gentleman a two Ladies \$1 Servants and Children under twe

WOOD'S

MIRROR OF THE WORLD

AT MOZART HALL.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON,

FEBRUARY 17, 1863.

S HUNDREDS OF CHILDREN COULD NOT GAIN
L admittance to the above Hall on Saturda / afterm to see this celebrated Panorama, the proprietor
sbeen indured to give another Grand exhibition, on
e-day evening, Feb uary 17th, for the accommodan of Familes and Children, The prices of admiss on
this occasion will be as follows;

MASONIC TEMPLE.

EXCELSIOR

"CAMPBELL MINSTRELS!"

SIXTEEN STAR PERFORMERS!

GRAND MATINEE

Odd-Fellows' Hall.

ery SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock for the commodation of Families and Schools.

CHAS. A. MORNINGSTAR,

.. 50 CENTS.

ADMISSION.

ors open at 6% o'clock; Panorama will commenving at 7% o'clock.

will be performed the sublime Tracedy, in five acts, entitled the DUCHESS OF MALFI-Marina, Duchess of Malfi, Emms Waller; Duke De Ferdiand, Mr. Waller. ... after which Mr. W. H. Fuller will appear in his truly wonderful Skating Scene. ... To concude with a new Farce entitled A QUIET FAMILY.

S G. HENRY & CO.,

To which we would cail the attenion of buyers.

ie17 d2

fel5

Gen. W. T. Sherman in Washington.

Counter-Rebellion in Arkansas.

in Regard to the Hatteras.

Congressional Proceedings.

number of men any State has furnished, and make apportionment among the States accordingly.

Mr. COWAN thought the amendment could not be practically carried into effect without great confusion.

At 4.30 the Secreta to its second the second in the second

ordered by members present at the hour of The Indian appropriation bill was reported from the Committee of the Whole, with amendments, and will be voted on to morrow.

their seats.

Mr. Ray entered his earnest protest agalast the obstacles interposed by the minority to the business of the Senate. They have delayed the whole work of the session. Three weeks only remained, and the apportionment bill, the executive council bill, revenue bill, appropriation bills, the important resolutions relative to Federal affairs, the bill against secret political societies, the bill further to protect the liberty of the citizen, the report of the

The message is accompanied by interesting and circumstantial details of the massacre by agent Galbraith and George H. Spencer, and the report of Calvert Sibly.

The report of Senator Wilson, from the Military Committee, in answer to the resolution inquiring into the case of Richard Thomas, of Maryland, alleged to be insane from ill usage while a prisoner of war, states that he was placed in confinement December 31, 1861, and after March 3, 1862, he was kept in close quarters. He attempted escape in April by jumping overboard and swimming to Long Island shore; since which time he has not been out of his 100m, except during a visit from his mother, permitted by the Secretary of War. He is allowed to communicate only with the officers of the guard and Fort, though of whom he can procure any food he desires, in addition to his ration. Having taken advantage of papers and books to communicate with persons outside, he is not allowed the privilege of their work. The message is accompanied by interesting

age of papers and hooks to communicate with persons outside, he is not allowed the privilege of their use. The Surgeon reports his health generally good—better, by his own confession, than when he was first imprisoned. He considers the prisoner as mentally sane, but regards him as eccentric.

Adjutant General Townsend reports him as indicted by the grand jury of Maryland district, for attempting to seize the Mary Washington, for tseason, and quotes the opinion of Gen. Dix, that he should be treated as a pirate and a spy. There are four witnesses to the first crime, and the evidence to the second charge consists in his being taken in the disguise of a female with a commission as Colonel, in ac ive service, of the volunteer forces of Virginia found upon his person. In consequence of such a report he is held as a prisoner of war, and he was placed in confinement for a desperate attempt to escape.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 16.

with two companies of Forrest's men. The Federal loss was five killed and five wounded. The latter were taken prisoners. The remain-der of the rebels escaped. Twenty-six buildings in Nashville are used as hospitals for the sick and wounded sol-diers.

Co., 100,000 bushels.

The railroad to Franklin will be opened this week. Bat one bridge is said to be destroyed. Our forces are actively engaged in putting it in order. Immense supplies are constantly being forwarded to the army. The railroad is heavily guarded along the entire distance to Murfreesboro. Daily skirmishing occurs between the pickets.

The river is 12 feet on the Shoals, and rising slowly.

The Senate took up the "bill to protect the rights of married women."

Mr. SPEED offered several amendments.
Some discussion aross on this bill and the amendments proposed, in which Messrs.

and maniac brain of others give rise to sounds God grant I may not again witness. But ye mothers who here seek a son-or wives a husband—or sisters a brother—or sone age and quality, certain brands always being preferred to others. We quote sales from one to seven years old the hand of mercy is watchful, and better care is bestowed upon your loved ones than might at first seem possible. It was in the hospital where rested the gallant Hooker, that I learned the history of those mythical words, so often seen and so little understood, "S. T.-1860seen and so little understood, "S. T.—1860— \$.46—; 24 at \$176—; 20 at \$186—; 12 at \$196—; 6 at X." Anything alleviating the sufferings and \$200—; 4 at \$210—; 2 at \$220—; 2 at \$230—; 1 at \$24: 1

blessing. I witnessed some astonishing results It is well known the effect of burnt gunpowders and excitement is thirst, which, dissouri. added to the loss of blood in the wounded, creates the necessity of a reviving stimulant In this particular hospital the physicians were allowing their patients to drink Plantation Bitters, otherwise called S. T .- 1860-X. and although the wounded are most numerous here—this division having opened the fight at 5 in the morning—the men were mostly composed, and there was very little fainting. The article acts upon the stomach and nerves in a most incomprehensible manner, superior to brandy, and without subsequent stupefying reaction. It originated in the West Indies, composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Roots, Horbs, &c.; all preserved in St. Croix Rum-the S. T.-1860-X being a secret ingredient, not yet revealed to the publie. It is principally recommended for want of previous to the war, and it appears an agent of

sidering it would cost us nothing to comply, and that otherwise we can derive no revenue from the Southern States; but sir, our dutles to our Government and our ideas of consistency would not allow us to entertain it, al-

Jefferson Davis in energy, and adopted this weak soldiers cling to it like a brother. As a lay member, I can bear witness it is "good ers' bills. Gold irregular and unsettled; opening at 55%,

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS Exhausted nature's great restorer. A delightful beverage and active tonic. Composed of pure St. Croix Rum, roots and herbs. It invigorates the body, without stimulating the

Druggists, Hotels, and Saloons. P. H. Drake

We have lately intro GROVER duced a New Style Family Sewing Machine, making BAKER'S

MACHINES, \$50. At our office alone an purchasers exam

and thorough satis lege of exchanging for either style if not suited with their first GROVER

the Shuttle Stitch, or stitch | COAL!

KILLICKINICK!

fel5 d3 Real Estate Agent, Jefferson above Fifth st. Strayed

2 CASKS BAY RUM FOR SALE BY 6-15 EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street

Latest News from New Orleans.

A Forward Movement Anticipated

Operations of the Pirate Alabama.

Reception of Semmes at Kingston.

Fleeing from the Conscript Law.

Seizure of Contraband Goods.

Interesting Foreign Intelligence. The Insurrection in Poland.

[SUNDAY NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 14, The steamer Empire City, from New Or-

done at once.

It was believed at New Orleans that General Butler would return to that city if not made

The weather was very cold in New Orleans.

rapidly concentrate re-enforcements in Vicks-

Hospitals established by the rebels at Iuka are shortly to be abandoned, only seventy-five of their wounded being now there.

The enforcement of the conscription law is driving many from Alabama and Mississippi North.

Notwithstanding stringent orders prohibiting contraband articles from being sent South, frequent violations have occurred. In consequence, more vigorous measures have been resorted to. All downward-bound boats are stopped at Island No. 10 by the gunboat New Era, and passengers and baggage searched.

Some quinine was discovered in possession of a passenger on the R-swena last night, and he and the captain were brought to this place.

he and the captain were brought to this place.

One hundred bales of cotton were brought officer from each brigade, as commanders of

one hundred bales of cotton were brought upon the Rath.

The naval steamer Gen. Lyon has just arrived from Vicksburg with the provisions captured by the Queen of the West. She lett Vicksburg on the 9th.

The health of the troops had not improved. It was very bad.

On the 7th a boat load of coal was set affoat.

It was the bleeked by itself and was feelby the privide a company, rolls.

It was the bleeked by itself and was feelby the privide and company rolls.

Prisoners say the Federals were repulsed in every demonstration against Port Hudson.

Washington, Feb. 15.

The United States Consul, Gen. Thayer, at Alexandria, in writing to our Government, says an event of apparent grave importance had just come to light, and produced much excitement in that community. On the morning or the 7th of January, four hundred and fifty black soldiers were by order of the Viceroy of Egypt, taken by railroad from about 120 miles south of Alexandria, and at night embarked on board a French transport steamer, whose destination is supposed to be Mexico. One Consultant of the content of the south of Alexandria, and at night embarked on board a French transport steamer, whose destination is supposed to be Mexico. Our Consuls gays he was waiting explanations from the Viceroy. The European Consuls generally have telegraphed to their Governments for instructions.

Minister Dayton also briefly consuls and the consultation of the distinction conferred upon them, and justify the choice of their companions. By command of major General Rosecrans.

C. Goddard, A. A. A. G. and Chief of Staff.

Minister Dayton also briefly communicates T WHL, AS CITY TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE EAST the subject, including the article from the Moniteur, that the negroes to be furnished by the Viceroy, 1,000 in all, are to garrison Vera Gruz, as a matter of humanity to the white soldiers, the black race not being subject to yellow fever.

The Postmaster-General has issued orders to the Postmaster at New York to send the mails direct from his office to St. Paul, Minneapolis and St. Anthony, Micnesota, which saves twenty-four hours in transmission. to the Postmaster at New York to send the mails direct from his office to St. Paul, Minneapolis and St. Anthony, Micnesota, which saves twenty-four hours in transmission.

Another order has been issued to the Postmasters of the principal northern cities, directing them to send their mails by way of Parkersburg, over the Marietta and Cincinnati Pailroad, which will expedite them some failtonia, which will expedite them some forty-eight hours over the former time.

Much speculation is based on the supposed wiews of the Secretary of the Treasury, but the following atatement, the result of inquiry, is designed to remove all doubts whatever upon the subject. The Secretary regards the passage of the uniform currency and bank bill as absolute and essential to the working of the figures.

It is not true that he does not expect immediate and from the banking bill, though it is true as stated in his reports that he does not expect immediate and great aid direct from it. He does, however, expect great and immediate, though indirect, aid from the rise in value of United States bonds, consequent on their being made the permaneat basis for a national.

as stated in his reports that he does not expect immediate and great aid direct from it. He does, however, expect great and immediate, though indirect, aid from the rise in value of United States bonds, consequent on their being made the permaneat basis for a national currency, which rise will enable him to negotiate bonds without additional inflation of the currency, and that through these negotiations the means may be provided for all public demands promptly, while at the same time a Macking 195x85, e Flo, Macking imp, 195x85, currency, which rise will enable him to negotiations to the currency, and that through these negotiations the means may be provided for all public demands promptly, while at the same time a check will be placed on the factitions advance on the prices of necessaries and of gold. He therefore regards the banking bill as virtually necessary to the support of the government and as a consequent to the most successful prosecution of the war.

From information received from the army of the Potomac, it appears that the rebels are throwing up breastworks and rifle pits north of Fredericksburg. It must not be inferred from the absolution of the grand divisions has thrown many weighty matters upon the Commanding General and his staff.

New York, Feb. 15.

The steamer Asia, from Liverpool on the 31st, via Queenstown on the 1st, arrived today.

It is assumed by several writers that the family possed the provided of the currency of the currency of the currency of the currency of the many through the currency of the many of the provided the currency of the many of the currency of the support of the government and as a consequent to the most successful prosecution of the war.

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day.

It is assumed by several writers that the Mass Frank, 22x104, s Mar. Clay & Shel & mp.....

McCrain's heirs, Jas, 26% x 204, s Ma, Jac & Han &

asyment by several writers that the Emperor's proposal is a preliminary step to more important action, and if refused the recognition of the Confederacy will probably follow, whether England joins or not.

There are rumors of a new difficulty be tween the British and Washington Governments, owing to the selfances of English vessels too near the Bahama coast.

The emancipation demonstration at Exeter Hall was a most enthusiastic affair, and in point of numbers was one of the most important since the days of the core-law largue. The resolutions relievate the sentiments of the Emancipation Sciety and express great sympathy for the North. Hostile amendments were promptly voted down and the resolutions carried almost unanimously. The London Times was deconuced amidst groans and hisses. Similar meetings were held at Bradford and other towns. The operatives of Bradford and other towns. The operat

Robert Peel, in a speach, declared himself favorable to a separation of the North and South, and strongly condemned Lincoln's emacipation edict.

The French Senate voted an address to the Emperitr with only one dissenting voice.

The Polieh insurrection still smoulders, but nothing important had occur.ed. Warsaw was tranguil.

tranquil:
The Prussian Chamber voted an address hos-

tile to the Government by an overwhelming

majority. Warsaw, Jan. 28. - The insurrectionists Warsaw, Jan. 28.— The insurrectionists have received considerable r.-enforcements from the better class of society, including many from Warsaw. They captured some troops near Potskerow, including two Russian officers, who were immediately shot.

Warsaw, Jan. 31.—The city is tranquil. The official journal states that all the news received by the Government from the Provinces is of a satisfactory nature, and order is being everywhere established.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.

New York, Feb. 15.

Kingston (Jamaica) papers by the steamer Talisman announce the arrival of the Alabama on the 20th of January with the efficiers and crew (165 in all) of the Hatteras. The Alabama was severely riddled in the encounter. Two Federal men-of-war are reported off Jamaica, Semmes had a reception at the Commercial Exchange at Kingston from the merchants of the city, and was loudly cheered.

Advices from Europe say Henna is matched for a prize fight with an unknown pugilist for \$10,000.

Риплокирија, Feb. 16. Headquarters Army of the Potomac, February 15. In consequence of recent publications injurious to the Union cause, measures have been taken to arrest and punish correspondents who have been guilty of making such developments, and plans are to be adopted to prevent their recurrence.

The brig Trenton, when coming off St. Johns, New Brunswick, was hailed by the Captain of a Hamburg bark, who reported he spoke the Alabama on the same day (the 28th alt.), some miles portheast of St. Johns. The San Jacinto was at Ponce, Porto Rico, on the 20th ult.

"Rolls of Honor."

To inspire the martial ardor of this gallant The strainer Employers, the marked this evening.

The forces of Banks, after a month's drilling, were in a condition to take the field. It was thought a forward movement would be made at once to clear out the whole of the made at once to chear out the whole of Lafourche country.

On the night of the 3d a fishing smack was seized on the Lake. It was bound to Pontchartrain, and had on board a large quantity of medicines, and also letters from forty or fifty leading citizens of New Orleans to persons high in authority in the Confederate Government.

To establish a method of pointing out to missals of officers for good cause, will vastly

To establish a method of pointing out to The three Jews who were aboard of the boat were tried on the 4th before Judge Peaboat were tried on the 4th before Judge Peaboat, but the sentence was withheld until the barties who had written the letters had been barrested, which Gen. Banks had ordered to be

It is ordered, That in every company in this army—infantry, artillery, and cavalry included there shall be kept a Roll of Honor, on which The Jews in New Orleans and all the South ought to be exterminated. They run the blockade and are always found to be at the bottom of every new villainy.

Rev. Drs. Lecock, Fulton and Goodrich, the Jeff. Davis praying parsons, had reached New Orleans on the 3d. They refused to take the oath of allegiance and Gen. Banks would not allow them to land.

The water flows the company communder.

oath of allegiance and Gen. Banks would not allow them to land.

The water flows through Williams' cut in front of Vicksburg, and a small stresm had passed through the canal. If it deepens and widens, our fleet can pass down, leaving Vicksburg four miles distant. This intelligence frightens the rebels.

The weather was very cold in New Orleans.

In every regiment there shall be kept a Regimental Roll of Honor, in which shall be cumented the company rolls, and in addition there to the names of ten Corporals and ten Sergens most distinguished for like good qualities, these non-commissioned officers of regiments approved by regimental commanders.

Regimental rolls shall be kept a Regimental Roll of Honor, in which shall be cumented the company rolls, and in addition there to the names of ten Corporals and ten Sergens most distinguished for like good qualities, these non-commissioned officers of regiments approved by regimental commanders.

Regimental Roll of Honor, in which shall be cumented the company rolls, and in addition there to the names of ten Corporals and ten Sergens most distinguished for like good qualities, these non-commissioned officers of regiments approved by regimental commanders.

Regimental Roll of Honor, in which shall be cumented the company rolls, and in addition there to the names of ten Corporals and ten Sergens most distinguished for like good qualities, these non-commissioned officers of regiments approved by regimental commanders. CAIRO, Fed. 13. mental orders, and sopies forwarded to Brig ade and Department Headquarters without de

Carron, Fed. 13.

Capt. Pegram, of the steamer Ruth, brought us Memphis papers of the 11th.

This morning the advance of the rebels in Mississippi, understood to be at Okalona, are trying to repair the railroad bridge destroyed by General Grant, but the inclemency of the weather very much retards their movements.

By way of Tuscumbia we learn that the enemy has moved a large part of his army from Virginia to Vicksburg. They have also taken from Mobile all the garrison except four thousand, retained for police duty.

The railroad from Meridian to Selma was completed, and cars run daily between those points.

officers, who win especial distinction by noble and heroic conduct.

The name of any one in the Rolls of Honor

may be stricken therefrom for misconduct, or for falling below the standard, by the regimental, brigade, d vision or superior com-

The boat remains at the Island.

Four million of dollars have been sent down on the Rowena to pay the troops in General Company, department.

Formed from the Rolls of Hobor, as follows:

Three privates from each company; one commissioned officer, two sergeauts and three corporals from each regiment, and one field officer from each brigade, as commanders of formed from the Rolls of Honor, as follows:

imp engman John, 75 triangle, cor Gre & Gard. rown Sarah, 50x200 s Gre, Cam & Wen & imp ull John, 20x600, s Port av No. 18; 100x200, n Port av No. 809; 105x165, s e c High & 10; 25x200, n Ma, 7 & 8

FOR SALE AND RENT

LOT FOR SALE

). 153, 100x105, SOUTHWEST CORNER WALNUT nd Hancock. 153, 40x165, south slde Walnut, between Jackson 127 x 165, north side Chestnut, between Shelb mpbell: slde Walnut, between Jackson and Hancock, 5, north side Chestnut, 100 feet east of Shelby. 52, 21x102, north side Marshall, between Jacks ancack. 11 105 feet, southwe t corner Floyd and Water. 12, 105x204, south side Water, between **Brook** and 13. 105 feet south side Water, between Brook and d. 2. 105 feet, south side Water, betwee 2 Boyd and 4 and 2, 175 feet, south side Fultia, between

stop. o. 4, 50 3 12 feet, outh side Fulton, between First 1, 3 and 2, 2621 feet, River, north side, between 19, 175 feet River, north side, between Floyd and 9, 175 fee, Water, south side Fulton, be 13. 235 fet, River, north side, betwee 18, 175 tet, south side Water, between No. 21, 45x200, southide Fulton, between Jackson and No. 21, 75 feet. Wate, south side Brady. No. 24, 18% front, noth side Fuston, between Jackson

No. 24, 75 front, souh side Brady, between Jackson d Hanco k. and Hanco k.
Triangle, 40x100, Intrsection Garden and Wenzel,
D, 100x100, south sic Walnut, between Garden a 100. east side Wozel, between Gardin and Wal corner Mdison and Garden, (about 104,000 mare feet). 2¼ acres, 417x500, itersection Broadway and Bards ad.
es. south siddiroadway, intersection Newburg
fer deductinsale to P. Noll,
i. 87% front, iver, between Preston and Jack
et to Water.
105 front, solheast corner Water and Floyd.
27% acces, i. No. 8, Newburg road.
i. north sid Madison, between Preston and ackson. 14 agre, Preston Woods. 25x20, south sid Breckinridge, between Third and

fourth. 190 front, Gardennear Wenzel. 32½x201, south se Market, between Brook and Flore

VY9d). rent, Rose ine. ngle, 210 f.-di, east Green and Garden. II7, Campbl, near Fulton. cres, near he city, on Newburg road, near firs ite, (two fit buil-ing lots). n, † Wm. James' Plumbing store, wes stret, near Court Place, will show the

HENNING & SPEED.

For Sale.

I OPER FOR SALE 333 ACRES OF choice ear rass Lands, 3½ miles from he cityon the Newburg road, and 2½ moles from the nearest point of land, as good angle found of angle fou ages on the south side of the Frankfort turn miles from Louisville.
res on the Westport road, 10 miles from the
miles from the second toll gate on the Also a parameter of the second toll gate on the frankforthad.

Also a parameter of the Main street, above Preston street. Also a parameter of the Main street, above Preston street. Also a parameter of very choice prairie land, surrounding Prairie C. in Madson county, Hilmois, and So dears of timber, in and Also 24 nores of rairie and So deres of timber, in and lear Web Trairie, in Macoupin county, State of Illinois. The state of t

L. L. DORSEY, JR., Louisville, Ky, ja28 d&wtf A Valuable Farm for Sale, N HENRY COUNTY, KY. ON THE NEW castle and Louisville road, three miles from Newcastle, two miles from Smithfield, and three miles from Eminence, containing about 300 acres in good repair, all in fine grass, with two sets of Dwellings and repair, all in fine grass, with two sets of Dwellings and repair, all in fine grass, with two sets of Dwellings and the first or the farm. April 100 acres in the farm. out-buildings on the farm. Apply to
M. P. MOODY, Ex'r of R. B. Moody.
For city reference, Shockency & Moody, Main street

For Sale or Exchange. PEVFRAL VALUABLE PIECES OF CITY PROperty and one very desirable business stand,
he above property will be sold low, or exchange
d for a good improved farm,
JAMES CALLAHAN,
fel0 d2w
Corner of Ninth and Broadway,
Louisville, ky.

FOR SALE, THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS residence, a bouse part brick and part frame, containing six rooms a good well, a large frame stable, ice house, &c., together with nine lots of ground; the whole situated above Portland, and 14 miles from the cits, called Fountain Road. A bargain will be given chaser. Terms easy. For particulars apply

o Victor Brenni, on the premises, or to F. PASQUIER, fel0 dlm* 515 Market st., bet. Fifth and Sixth. Shelby Land for Sale. 270 ACRES OF BEST SHELBY LAND, FIFTY miles from She byville, or a good t-rapike road for sale. It is well improved and very desirable. Gree-backs

It is well improved and very desirable. Gree. Dacks will be taken in payment.

For particulars apply to T. O. Shackelford or F. Nee's, shelbyvine; or Thornton Merriwether, near Chr stiansurg Depo', Bagdad P. O.

fe8 dtf FOR SALE.

PROPOSE TO SELL A FINE CULTIVATED Farm, desirable for residences or garden purposes, on reasonable terms, containing one hundred and twenty-five acres, lying on Third arcet road, continued), about six miles from the city of Louisville, hay one wishing to examine said land, by addressing J. B. Brooks, through the Louisville Postoffice, can J. A. SHRADER.

Farm for Rent or Sale. IT Is TWENTY MILES FROM LOUIS, wille, on the straight line to stankfort ad"Ill joining Sloan's Mil tract, on Fl yd's Fork.
177 Aeres of Land, with a good Dwelling, 70 aeres of woodland set in rass, and 20 acres now in wheat.
FOR SALE—A new STEAM ENGHNE, 25 horse power, thay e low prive. Apply at No. 535 cast side of Third street, 160 yards south of the postoffice. Loui ville, ja27 dtf

FOR RENT. PIFTY-THREE ACRES OF GOOD LAND, IM-proved, four miles from Louisville, on Oak-land plank road. Apply at Davis & Bacon's Stable. [ja7 dtf] WM. STEWART.

WANTED.

Board Wanted BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE IN A PRIVATE family, where there are no other boarders. Address Box 798, Postoflice.

WANTED. FOUR SMART BOYS; ALSO TWO GERMAN BOYS!
Apply at WRIGHT & BACON'S,
feld 36 Fourth st., bet. Main and the river. WANTED TO RENT. A MODERN BUILT DWELLING HOUSE, CON ta ning five to seven rooms, in the central part of the city preferred. Address Drawer No. 19, Postoffice fee diff.

Dwelling Wanted. WANTED TO RENT OR LEASE FOR A TERM of years, a modern built brick dwelling containing six or eight rooms, besides kitchen and servants' rooms, in a good location. Possession not required before the first of April, but would be taken at once if preferred. Address Postoffice Drawer No. 82.

WANTED. 100 SHARES SOUTHERN BANK KENTUCK HALL & LONG, sin st., bet. First and Second.

STRAYED & STOLEN.

\$75 Reward.

STOLEN, FROM THE SUBSCRIBER'S stable, January 25th, 1863, on the turnpike, two miles west of New Albany, a dark brown or black HORSE, 5 years old next spring, 16 hands and 1 inch high, a little white in the mane whee the collar works, a few white hairs in fore head, a little white on one hind foot, and not shod wher stolen. The above reward will be given for the detection of the third or the delivery of the horse, feß dig.

Equipment of the collar form of the delivery of the horse, feß dig.

Equipment of the collar form of the delivery of the horse, feß dig.

Equipment of the collar form of the delivery of the horse, feß dig.

Equipment of the collar form of the delivery of the horse, feß dig.

Equipment of the collar form of the delivery of the horse, feß dig.

Equipment of the collar form of the co Mare Stolen

STOLEN FROM THE PARM OF H. Craycraft, 16 miles below Louisville on the control of the control of

Louisville and Nashville

RAILROAD.

OFFICE LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE R. R. Co.

THE COUPONS OF THE MORTGAGE BONDS OF
this Company, due lst January last, vill be paid on
presentation at this office.
WILLIS RAYNEY, See'y.

Stagg's New Sugar-cured Hams. WE HAVE ON HAND A GOOD SUIPLY OF THE above well-known brand of Hams, and can supply dealers with any quantity.

O. W. THOMAS & CO.

WILL PRACTICE HIS PROPESSION AND ATTEND promptly to the collection of debts in the counties of M'Lean, Ohio, Daviess Muhlenburg, Hopkins and Webster.

TRANSPORTATION.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. 5

325 Miles Bouble Track. THE RESIDENCE OF STREET IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DEMAND

Toute have added many improvements during the yea 1862, and, with its connections, it will be found in all respects a FIRST CLASS ROUTE to all the Eastern cities The track is stone ballasted and entirely free **from** dus THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM

Pittsburg to Philadelphia ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK THROUGH PHILADELPHIA,

CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG

Baltimore & Washington FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK ONE TRAIN RUNS DAILY (430 MILES) VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS,

Arriving in advance of all other Routes. SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK,

Boat Tickets good on any of the Sound Lines.
FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY ROUTE SLEEPING CARS Philadelphia, New York & Baltimore. BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE. FREIGHTS.

TICKETS FOR SALE TO BOSTON BY BOAT OR RAIL

By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ghio, Kentucky, Indiana. Ill nois, Wisconsin, lowa, or Missouri bi Railroad direct.

The Pennsylvahia Central Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentecky, Tennessee, Cumberlan ', Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missou i, Kansas, Ark ness and Rea Rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandosky and Chicago with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transis. n lies peety transit.

THE RATES OF FRE G 8T to and from any point in a west by the Bennsylvania Central Railroad are at It times as favorable as are charged by the other tailroad Companies.

12 He particular to mark packages "VIA PENNSYLVA-1A CENTRAL R. R."
For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply or address either of the following Agents agent

or address either of the following Agents of the plany:

D. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg.
D. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg.
H. W. BROWN & CO., Cincinnati, Oh. O.
R. C. MELDRUW & CO., Madison, Ind.
W. M. A18M'N & CO., Evanrville, Ind.
J. E. MOORP, Louisville, Ky.
D. F. SASS, St. Louis, Mo.
GLARKE & GO., Chicage, Ill.
J. H. McOOLM, Fortsmouth, G.
MCN.ELV & MONTGOMERY, Maysville, Ky.
W. H. & E. L. LANGLEY, Galtipolis, O.
H. S. PIE-CO & CO., Zanesville, O.
N. H. HUDSON. Rilley, O.
R. C. MELDRUM, General Traveling Agent for the South and West.

LIVE STOCK.

Drovers and Farmers will find this the most advantageous route for Live Stock. Capacious Yarda, we watered and supplied with every convenience, have been opened on this line and its connections, and every attention is paid to their wants. From Harrisburg were will be found every convenience for feeding and resting, a cnoice is offered of the PHILADELPHIANEW YORK, and BALTIMORE MARKETS. This will also be found the shortest, exclusively and most direct route for Block to New York—(via Alieniowa)—and with fewer changes than any other.

ENOCH LEWIS, Gen'l Superintendent, Altoona, Pa. I. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Philade phia. Jazl diy

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD Change of Time.

TRAINS WILL LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE opposite Louisville, at 2:30 AND 16:00 O'CLOCK P. M.
2:30 P. M. — LIGHTNING EXPRESS EAST — Dally (Sundays excepted) connecting at Seymour with Trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad for Oincinnati, Columbus, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all Eastern Cities, and at Indianspolis with the Bellefontaine Line for Cleveland, Pittaburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all the principal cities in the East; also with Trains on the Terre Haute and Lafayette Railroads for St. Louis, Chicago, Rock Island, Quincey, Hannibal, St. Joseph, and all the other principal cities in the West and Northwest.

10:00 P. M.—NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily (Saturdays excepted), cofineding at Seymour with Trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Ealiroad for Cincinnati and Hississippi Faliroad for Cincinnati Alliroad for Cincinnati and Linear Alliroad for Cincinnati Alliroad fo 2:30 AND 19:00 O'CLOCK P. M.

an enseen cities; at Indianapolis with the Relie fontaine Line and Indiana Central Railroad For Tolodo, Detroit, Ceveland, Buffalo, New York Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all points the Bast, and the Indianati and Chicage Advisor, and the Charles, Tolographic Company of the Company o

A. S. CROTHERS, Sup't. LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, For St. Louis, Chicago & Detroit.

1863. Winter Arrangement. 1863.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1862, Douisville, as follows: 45 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS—(Dally except Sun-8:45 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS—CDafty except Sundays), making close connection at Mitchell with the O. & M. Railroad for St. Louis, Cairc, and the West, reaching St. Louis at 9:60 P. M.; connecting also at Green Castle Junction with the T. & P. Railroad, East and West, at Lafayette with the T. & W. Railroad, East and West, and at Michigan City for Clacago and Detroit.

9:45 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRESS—(Daily), reaching St. Louis at 8:00 A. M., and Cincinnati at 6:00 A. M. This Train also makes close connections of Chicago and the Northwest.

BETURNING—Leaves St. Louis at 7:00 A. M. and 5:00 P. M., making lamediate connection at Mitchell with South-bound Train, arriving at New Albany at 7:50 P. M. and 5:55 A. M.

ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO ST LOUISI.

NLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO ST. LOUSI CINCINNATI OR CHICAGO! BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH. This Road runs the only Trains from Louisville connecting with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Wegt.

We

LOUISVILLE AND FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON AND FRANKFORT

RAILROADS. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1862, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as fol-

lows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:50 A. M.,

stopping at all stations when flagged except Fail
Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview,
connecting at Eminence with stage for Newcastle,
at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, and
Danville; at Midway for Versaillee; at Payne's for
Georgetown, and at Lexington via rail and stage
for Nicholasville, Danville, Orab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior
towns. sot, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all there between S.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at 5:45 A. M., and arrive at Louisville at 9:37 A. M., and will leave Louisville 3:20 P. M., arriving at Frankfort at 7:15 P.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fraidays.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Thursdays and Saturdays.

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M., to 5:00 P. M.

**Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburgs.
Orab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the Interior, for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.

Teach Comment of Samuel Comment of Samuel Gill. Samuel Gill. Louisville and Frankfort Lexington and Frankfort

RAILROADS. TRAINS WILL RUN ON THEIR USUAL TIME ON and after to day. The Accommodation for the present will only go as far as Lagrange.

Freight Trains will run every other day, leaving Louisville on Mondays. Wednesdays and Fridays.

Freight will not be received for Stations beyond Frankfort for the prese t.

SAM'L GILL, Sup't. r the prese ta pary 19th, 1863—ja20 Louisville and Nashville

RAILROAD. OFFICE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. Co., Louisville, January 23, 1863.

ALL HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF STOCK IN January, 1862, will pre ent time at this office, where they will be consolidated and new certificates issued, including incerest and dividend, ja22 d2m Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Reopened.

WEARE NOW PREPARED TO ISSUE THROUG and Ohio Railroad, with guarantees against loss or dan age from military seizure whilst in transit over sai road.

Ja7 dtf Agents, tie Wallst.

STATEMENT

OF THE CADITION OF THE HE THE CORDITION OF THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY Insurance Co.

ON THE 1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1863, MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF THE STATE OF Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled "An Act to regulate Asencies of Foreign Insurance Compa-nies, approved March 3, 1886. NAME AND LOCATION. me of the Company is Delaware Mutual Safet ance Company, and is located at Philad lphia CAPITAL.

The amount of its Capital Stock, is stock. \$360,000 0 The amount of its Capital Stock paid up, is. 613,120 00 ASSETS. \$5',012 63 80,000 00 2,140 17 36,363 38

transmission.

Real Estate unincumb red.

Bebrs due 'he Company, secured by mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate worth

per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for, as per vouchers and schedule
accommanyler. 101,700 00

7. All other securities, including Bills Re-ceivable. 134,142 54 Total assets of the Company. \$961,415 32 LIABILITIES,

The amount of liabilities, due and not due to Banks and other creditors. In Losses adjusted and due. no Losses adjusted and not due. \$649 ... 19,986 93 Total liabilities..... \$61,176 58

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA. 88 Thomas C. Hand, President, and Henry Lylburn, Sec., of the Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Company, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foreging is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company that the said Insurance Company is the bona fale owner of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of actual cash capital invested in stocks and bonds, or in mortgages on unmembered real estate, worth -per cent. more than mortgaged for, that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; that the mortgages above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner released or impaired by said Company; and that they are the above described officers of the said Insurance Company THOMAS C. HAND, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Commissioner.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Commissioner or Kentucky, in and for said county of Philadelphia, tate of Pennsylvania, this 30th day of Sanuary, 1863.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand an affixed my official seal at Philadelphia and rowsaid, the day and year aforesaid. said, the day and year aforesaid. GEORGE GRISCOM, Com. for Ky.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

FRANKFORT, KY. Feb. 4, 1863.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file is this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my shabd and affixed my official seal, the day and year above written. Written. GRANT GREEN, Auditor, No. 66-Renewal. AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 4, 1863. This is to certify that JAS. E. TYLER & CO. as Agents of the DFLAWARE MUTUAL SAPKTY INSURANCE COMPANY, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, at Louisville, Jefferson county, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual Capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dolars, as required by said act, the said JA. E. TYLER & CO., as Agents as aforesaid, are hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at their office in Louisville for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. In testimony whereof, I have set my hand {SEAL} the day and year above written.

JAS. E. TYLER & CO., Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE DATAL MENT TRANSA

ON THE 31st DAY OF DECEMBER, 1862, MADE TO the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compli-ance with an act entitled, "An Act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1865.

1st. The name of the Company is the Commercial Fire Insurance Company, and is located in the city, county and State of New York. 2d. The amount of its Capital Stock, all paid up, is. \$200,600.00 193,721 00

Cash in Bank.
Real Estate unincumbered.
Debts due the Company secured by bond and mortgages, being first li-n on Real Estate of the value of \$72,200.
Loans on demand, secured by stocks of the market value of \$72,201
Debts due the Company for premiums.
Interest due and unpaid.
Interest due and not due.
Rents due and accrued. Amount of losses in process of adjustment, all of which, excepting \$100, have since been paid.
Amount of dividends unpaid.
Imount of all other claims known (accrued rent)..... LIABILITIES.

\$3,444 16 STATE OF NEW YORK, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, SS CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, J STAND JOSEPH Petit, President, and M. V. B. Fowler, Secretary, of the Commercial Insurance Company, being duly sworn, depose and say that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Corporation as the s me were on the 3ist day of December last; that they were the above described officers thereof, and that the Charter of the Company remains unchanged from that already placed on file in the office of the Auditor of the State of Kentucky.

M. V. B. FOWLER, Secretary.

Sworn to before me, this 23d day of January, A. D. So3.

THOS. L. THORNELL, Notary Public. AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KENTUCKY, Frankfort, Jan. 31, 1863. I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal, the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

[No. 64 Renewal.] AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 31, 1863. This is to certify, that Wm. Prather, as Agent of the Commercial Fire Insurance tompany, of New York, at Louisville, Jefferson county, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled Companies," approved March 3, 1866; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned the shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned the said Companies, as provided and fifty thousand dollars, as gent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permit at this office in Louisville for the term of one yeef from the date hereof. But this license may errowked if it shall be made to appear to the undergued in the said companies. dollars. In testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN,

WM. PRATHER, Agent. AGRICULTURAL. FRESH GARDEN SEEDS. A. G. MUNN

WOULD INFORM HIS OLD GARDNER FRIENDS
on I customers that he has received a fresh stock of SEEDS that he can recommend as good.

Early York Cabbage;
L. ree York Caobage;
Ox Heart Cabbage;
Early Cauliflower;
Fresh Salsify.
Call at 217 Main street, between Second and Third, two doors below the telegraph office.
MUNN A CO. MUNN & CO.

ANUARY 5, 1863.

MR. HENRY WEHMHOFF AND MR. JOHN Dickinson have associated themselves toget under the name and style of WEHMHOFF & DICKINSON. for the purpose of conducting the

Upholstery and Mattress Business,

COPARTNERSHIP.

at the old stand of Mr. Wehmhoff, on the south side of Main street, between Second and Third, No. 215.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage extended to each of us in our former business relations, we hope by strict attention to merit a continuance of pastfavore.

Our stock consists in part of—

COTTON MOPS.-50 DOZEN FOR SALE BY GARDNER & CO.

INSURANCE. STATEMENT

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. On the 1st day of January, 1863, to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky.

ulations or nett Assets are \$4,439,231 77, in as follows:

Cash on hand
United States Treasury Bonds.

Bonds of State of New Jersey.

Bonds of Cities of Newark, N. J. Albany,
Troy and Brooklyn, N. Y.

Annuty Bonds of State of Massachusetts.

Bonds and Mortzagos on Real Estate, worth
100 per cent, cash more than mortgaged for 2,365,013 56 100 per cent, cash more than mortgaged remium Notes drawing 6 per cent, inte in casif.

Loans on S-rip.

Premiums in course of transmission.

Real Estate owned by the Co. in Newark... 4,570 6 70,132 6 77,924 9

\$4,439,231 7 LIABILITIES. Claims by deaths awaiting maturity. Dividends declared but not yet due. Three Annuity Bonds guaranteein per aannm. 8,927 40

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, SS Tewis C. Grover and Edward A. Strong, being seven denose and say, each for himself says, the I ewis C. Grover and Edward A. Strong, being severally sworn, depose and say, each for himself says, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affacrs of the said Company. That said Company is the owner of at least \$150,000 of actian continues to in the same is more than the same is sorting the continues of the said Company and the same is sorting the same is the sa

LEWIS C. GROVER, President. EDWARD A. STRONG, Secretary. Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Justice of the Peace, in and for sid county of Essex and State of New Jersey, this 28th day of January, 1983. STEPHEN R, HAINES, J. P.

This is to certify that E. H. VERNON, as agent of The Mutual Benefit Life In-uran e Company of Nov Jersey, at Louisville Jefferson county, has filed in this office the statement and exhibits required by the provisions of an act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Issurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satis faction of the underspeed that said Company is possessed of an actual apital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dolars, as required by said act the said E. H. VERNON, as agent as aforesaid, is here by licensed and pertited to take risks and trans act business of insurance at his office in Louisville for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the state ments above referred to, the available capital cf. sat Company has been reduced below ong hundred air fifty thousand dollars.

has been reluced below one hundred and sand dollars In testimesy whereof, I have set my hand, the day andrear above written. fee di2 GRANT GREEN, Auditor. E. H. VERNON, Agent.

M. LEOPOLD & CO.,

CIGARSAND TOBACCO

329 Main street, bet. Third and Fourth, DEALERS IN AND IMPORTERS OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO!

stock of Imported and Domestic Cigars, CHEWING, SMOKING ANDLEAF TOBACCO,

PIPES, POUCHES, &C., &C.

BUSH, MOSS & CO. CED) 30,000 Donations.

ASH CAPITAL \$20,000, PAID IN AND on deposit by Company for the benefit of all digents of one of the city of Louisville.

In the hope of contributing material and the thousands of suffering poor, growing it of the present state of the times, this of offerion mapany has conceived the bit. bstantially, to a liberal public, THIRTY THOUSAND CKETS, AT ONE DOLLAR EACH, from the sales of TICKETS, AT ONE DOLLAR EACH, from the sales of which from time to time, the net proceeds will be lodged with the Mayor or the city. The first docations will be made on the 14th of March, 1863, consisting of 45,000 in American Gold—ten of 4800 each. Twenty new and superior Pianos, valued at \$250 each; 75 Ladies' and Gent's Go'd Watches, to wit. 25 valued at \$100 each, and 50 at \$50 each; Together with one thousand Fancy Articles, consisting of rare and curious Works of A-t, valued at \$5 each, making the total sum of twenty thousand dollars to be divided among the ticket bolders.

127 Tickets—Single, \$1; six, \$5; twelve, \$10; twenty-tye, \$20.

five, \$20.

One hundred agents wanted who will be a lowe 20 per cent. on sales effected. For tickets please addres ja30 d2m*

BUSH, MOSS & CO., Louisville, Ky. U. S. EXCISE TAX. ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.
TO ADMINISTRATORS AND EXECUTORS.

TO ADMINISTRATORS AND EXECUTORS.

THE ATTENTION OF ADMINISTRATORS AND
EXECUTORS is respectfully called to the provisions of
the Excise Tax Law, sections 111 and 112, from which it
will be seen "that every Executor, Administrator, or
other person who may take the burnhen or trust of the
administration of such propert' shall, after taking such
burthen or trust, and before paying or distributing any
portion thereof to the lesates, or any parties entitled
to beneficial interest therein, pay to the Collector or
Deputy Collector of the district the amount of this tax
asistant Assessor of the district a schedule, list, or sia cment of the amount of said property, together with he
amount of duty which has accrued or should accrue
thereon, verified by his oath or affi mation to be administered and certified thereon by some Magistrate or
officer having lawful power to administer such oaths, in
such firm and manner as may be prescribed by the
Commissioner of Internal Revenue."

The forms and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner have been received at this office, and all parties
interested may obtain the same on applica ion.

The United States has a lien on all property upon
which the tax is due, as described in sections 111 and
112.

Louisville, 326 Jeverson stree.

Assessor 3d District Kentucky.

Eddaws

Louisville, 326 Jeverson stree.

RAILROAD. T SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE WHO have bosiness transactions with the Company, that the advinistration of the Board is divided into two departments. Mr. B. Marshel is the Superintendent of the Transportation Department, and attends to all matters relating to the movement of trains and the forwarding of freight and passengers, and Mr. Albert Fink is the Superlatendent of the Machiners and Road Department, and is charged with the maintenance of the road, mach nerry, rolling stock and motive power and the completion and reconstruction of the road, tridges, etc. Both these officers are acting under the immediate direction of the President and Board of D rectors, 136 dtf

JAMES GUTHRIE, Pres't

BY EXPRESS. JUST RECEIVED. A LARGE SUPPLY OF THOSE BEAU-tiful and immensely popular New HEW MUSIC Songs by J R. Thomas, author of Cottage By the Sea, Ac.

Happy Be Thy Dreams..... TO THE LADIES.

A NEW SUPPLY OF THE CELEBRATED PEARL BROPS on hand, the only article that imparts a beautiful and healthy color to the face, and not the "deathly pallor" of other preparations of the kind, without belig in any manner injurious to the skin, removes freckles, pimples, &c. &c., preserving the skin, making it soft and smooth, if used according to directions, Every b tile highly perfumed, and none genuine without the initial stamp. Can be had at the MOZART HALL DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE, Northeast corner Fourth and Jefferson streets H. F. HARTMAN, Propri Copartnership Notice.

HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN THE Shoe business, Geo. F. Everhart and John H. North, at the old stand on Market, two doors above Third street. The business of the firm will be conducted under the style of F. North & Co.

January 1, 1893—Ja6

P. NORTH. Bright Virginia Tobacco—Pure Bourbon Whisky. WE HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE A FEW boxes of the celebrated Princess Brand, to which we call the attention of those wanting Virginia stocks Also a small lot of pure Bourbon Whisky, old and good MITCHELL & DEAN, fe4 Main street, near First.

Leather, Saddles,
Harness, Collars,
Military Goods,
Saddle Trees, &c.,
Main and Market sta, fe7 d3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILLIAM S. WATSON,

A. FONDA, DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES, TEAS, WINES BRANDIES, &c., &c. No 305 Fourth st., bet, Market and Jefferson, fes LOUISVILLE, RY. Dissolution of Copartnership. d THE COPARTNERSHIP BETWEEN THE UNDERsigned, under the style of J.M. Moore & Co., is
dissolyed, Either partner is authorized to use the name
of the frm in liquidation of the business of the same.
J. M. MOORE,
S. F. MURRELLE,
NORTON BROTHERS,
PADTCAH, KY., February 3, 1863.

MEDICAL,

Galen's Head Dispensary, AND VENEREAL INFIRMARY Chartered by the Legislature of Ly.

For the Cure of all Private Diseases: UST PUBLISHED-PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS A MEDICAL REPORT, ng Sixty large Pages, and Thirty Fine Plates gravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Organs in a state of Realth and Disease,



ON A NEW METHOD OF treating VENEREAL DISEAS ES, including Syphilis in all its EB, including Syphilis in all its stages; Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocile, and Hydrocale Dissases of the Kidneys, Bladder &c., WITHOUT MERCURY! containing a valuable treaties on containing a valuable treatise on that wide-spread malady of youth, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, Nocturnal Emissions, Sexual Deul habit of seli-ubuse. To which is added ob-tions on FEMALE DISEASES, find other inter-matter of the umost importance to the married those contemplating married to

ents or four stamps.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, bebroe placing themselves under the treatment of any
me, should first read this work.

ound in all large cities.

TO FEMALES.—Special attention given to all disasses of Melles.—Special attention given to all disasses of Melles.—Special attention given to all disasses of Melles.—Regulations are disconsisted in a citations, irregularities, &c. Marcied ladies in
ertain situations should not use fleets, as they would
cause ENGOARIAGE. Frice 51 per box, and may be
ent of wast.

DR. GALEN'S PARTENTIVE—An invaluable article for those wishing to limit the number of their der seel, on the receipt of the price—Two DOLLARS.

FATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from The Consulting Surgeon

AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

I hereby certify tat the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file it his office.

The original on file it his office.

In witness whereof, I have set my hand, the day and yer above written.

(HANT GREEN, Auditor.

[Ni. 116—Renewal.]

AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

DR. GATES' PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY -Conducted on the European Plan, FOR THE CURE OF ALL



Also, for M. La Croix FERNOR PREVENTIVE TOWNERS, Sy their use married ladies may limit the number of their offerting at pleasure without the least denger of their offerting at pleasure without the least denger of righty to health. They act by preventing conception testing place. One box will last for years. Price by mail 82 and two postages stamps. Females will obtain much valuable information by reading our New Medical Treatise.

Persons wishing to consult us personally on any of the above diseases will find us at our office, north-east corner Third and Market streets; private entrance on Third street, from 3 a. M. to 1 p. M., and from 3 to 6 and 7 to 9 p. M.; Sundays from 3 to 11 a. M. No charge for consultation or examinations. Consultation rooms entirely private. Secrecy in all cases inviolable. n or examinations.

N. B. TAYLOR, GENERAL

gr commenting private. Secrety as soomsentingly private. Secrety as Address all letters to DES. H. G. MILLER & Co., Louisville, Ex

Between Main and the River LOUISVILLE, KY. The highest price paid for Corn, Oats and Hay. JOHN H. GRIFFITH,

No. 142 Fourth Street,

No. 312 Main street, between Third and Fourth, LOUISVILLE, KY. Orders filled and consignments solicited. jal8 I. H. POINIER & CO.,

A. F. CLARK! A. F. CLARK & CO., Grecers, Produce & Commission Merchants.

LOUISVILLE, KY. The highest cash price paid for all kinds of country reduce. CIGARS.

FINE TOBACCC.

PINE
BOXES ASSORTED.—
BUTON & May's Gold Leaf, fine Virginia;
Burton & May's Gold Leaf, ine Virginia;
Burton & May's Gold Leaf, ine Virginia;
Rough and Ready, do do;
J. P. Bird's Sweet, fine Missouri;
King's Quarters. do do;
Da e & Morgan, fine Kentucky;
Julia Burton, do do;
Alexander's Rose Bud, fine Kentucky;
10 bbls Wilmot & Co.'s Sweet Fine Cut;
20 gross Sunny Sisolace do do;
10 do Arderson's Solace do do;
10 do Arderson's Solace do do;
10 do Arose Bud, do do;
10 do Good Willenthal do do;
11 store and for sa'e low by S. B. MoGHLL,
fel dlm 30 Green st., bet. Third and Fourth SMOKING TOBACCO.

DISS BECK & BACHMAN'S KILLICKInick;
200 lbs centina L-onard & Freedman's
200 lbs Chas, E. Desk, Danville, Va.,
do;
150 lbs Turkish, in ½ lb bladder;
100 lbs Brier Pipe Powder, ¾ lb boxes;
100 lbs Osanoka, 1 lb boxes;
2 gross Gol-ien Seal, ¾ lb cans, tin;
4 gross No, 1 do ½ lb cans;
5 gross No, 2 do ½ lb cans;
2 gross No, 2 do ½ lb cans;
2 gross No, 2 do ½ lb papers;
5 gross No, 2 do ¼ lb papers;
5 gross Mo, 2 do ¼ lb papers;
20 gross Little Mac;
20 gross Little Mac;
20 gross Four Ace;
10 gross Meerschaum;
10 gross Meerschaum;
10 gross Meerschaum;

S. B. McGILL, 317 Green st., bet. Third and Fourth. PIPES. 50 GROSS GENUINE BRIER; 25 gross Rubber; Zegross Rubber;
10 gross Rosewood;
5 gross Lava;
10 gross Fancy Clay;
7 gross Initiation Meerschaum;
5 gross Meerschaum, assorted styles and sizes;
5 gross Meerschaum, assorted styles and sizes;
5 gross Birer Bowles, do do do;
[fel dlm] McGHLL'S, 307 Green street.

Cigar Tubes. 5 gross plain Horn; 5 gross fancy Clay; [fel dlm] McGILL'S, 307 Green street.

TODACCO FOUCHES AND BAGS.

4 GROSS EXTRA RUBBER BAGS;
1 gross Bladder Bags;
1 gross Bladder Bags;
1 gross Buck rags;
McGILL'S, 307 Green street. Pipe Stems.

2 GROSS HORN TIPS FOR PIPES:
3 gross Horn and Amber Tips for Pipes;
1 gross Amber Tips for Pipes;
2 gross Vesuvians;
5 gross Paney do do;
8 gross Faney do do;
8 gross Shuir Boxes; Miscellaneous Goods.

fefferson, west side.
To insure safety to all letters, direct to
GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
mhi9 d&wis
Drawer 247, Louisville, Ky.



PRODUCE MERCHANT,

PRODUCE AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants, No. 142 Fourth st., between Main and Water, LOUISVILLE, KY. The highest market price paid in cash for Feath rs. Ginseng, Beeswax, Dried Fruit, &c. ja20

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Plaster Paris, Cement, Utica White Lime,
Wooden Ware, Cordage and Clover Seed, Market street, between Brook and Floyd, three doors above Guy & Clark's Mill,

MY COUSIN;
20,000 Gen. McClellan;
20,000 Weshington;
20,000 Weshington;
20,000 Jeshington;
20,000 Jeskey Club;
10,000 El Sol;
10,000 Punch;
30,000 Bittanica, fine;
25,000 Half Spanish;
13,000 Harttanica, fine;
25,000 Half Spanish;
13,000 Havana Sixes;
0.990 Excelsior Cheroot;
10,090 Lone Star;
10,090 Cigaretts, Pobacca Wrapper;
5,000 Cigaretts, Paper Wrapper;
For sale low by feldim 307 Green st., bet. Third and Fourth Louisville and Nashville

10 GROSS PLAIN AND FANCY MEERSCHAUM; Tobacco Pouches and Bags.

10 GROSS CHERRY STEMS, ASSORTED SIZES;
5 gross Wexel Stems, assorted sizes;
5 gross Rubber do do do;
2 gross Brier do plain;
A; [fel dim] MCGILL'S, 307 Green street.

oss Snud Boxes; [fel dlm] McGILL'S, 307 Green street,